THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
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A. BINGHAM.....EDITOR
A. THOMPSON.....BUSINESS MANAGER
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THE COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

ALLEGHENY AND MANCHESTER SUBURBS.—The COMMERCIAL route west of Federal street, below Sixth Avenue, hereafter carried by Henry K. Porter will hereafter be delivered by J. N. Thackeray, who alone is authorized to make collections thereon. Subscribers failing to receive the paper will please make known the fact at the office, No. 75 Fifth st.

CITY ITEMS.

Tremendous
prices at Gaidner's, No. 60 Fifth street.

Burnett's Cocoaine
flavoring extracts can be had at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street cheaper than any other house in the city. Also, Lemon and Hostetter's Bitters. Remember the place.

Western University.
A next term will commence Monday, September 3rd, 1866.

Something for Epicures.
Shell Crabs are one of the most tempting delicacies that ever made an Epicure's mouth water. They are in splendid condition just now, and Holtzer, of the Fricker Saloon, next door to the Post-office, has got some of the finest that ever were flshed out of water. He also has a lot of first-rate Oysters from New York and Philadelphia. The public need be reminded that with the middle of August the season legitimately commences.

Call this Evening
at Rochester News Depot and procure your reading matter for Sunday.

Pittsburgh Female College.
The Fall Term will open September 4. Address Rev. I. Reighard, Pittsburgh.

Country Merchants.
The largest and best assorted stock of perfumery in the city, is at McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store.

A Word to the People.
Mr. S. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street, is selling off his stock of Gent's Light Felt Hats; Men's, Boys' and Youth's Straw Goods; Men's and Boys' Fur and Hair Hats; Gent's Silk and Cashmere Hats, of the latest styles, at a reduction, in order to close out his stock, to make room for Fall Goods. Wm. Fleming's Fashionable Hat and Cap House, No. 139 Wood street.

Musical Institute
will be opened, opens September 12, E. Ambuhl, Principal and Address, H. T. Taylor.

Count y Merchants
are find it to their advantage to call at McCarran & McKennan's Drug Store 88 Market street, Corner Diamond Alley. Their stock is complete.

Dr. Sill, 246 Penn Street,
is now giving Laughing Gas to hundreds every day without the slightest pain. This is the most safe and delightful agent for extracting teeth without ever being introduced. Nearly every person is desirous of having their teeth filled with Gold. He extracts them by the new arrangement of the Nitrous Oxid Gas and Artificial Teeth, which are set as neven dollars, and as high as forty dollars for Valuable Plate. A twelve dollar and fifty cent gold filling in quality to warrant, charge fifty cents. The Doctor and his Associate, Dr. M. C. Sample, deserve to have, as they do, the greatest confidence and a large patronage.

Kenwood Boarding School,
for Boys, New Brighton, Pa., reopens September 11 for a catalogue. jy7-eod

Country Merchants.
Best Wax, Indigo, Patent Medicines. The largest and lowest prices at McClarran & McKennan's Drug store.

Important.
Spencer has administered Nitrous Oxide, or laughing gas, to thousands with perfect success, for dental, surgical and medical purposes, and for amusement.
Only fifty cents (50c.) per tooth for extracting.
No charge for extracting when Artificial Teeth are ordered. Offices and Dwelling, No. 334 Penn street, where Dentists will save from 25 to 30 per cent by purchasing their materials. Beautiful sets of teeth, such as other dentists charge from $40 to $60, for $20. Don't be foolish enough to go elsewhere and pay $2 to $3 for the Gas.
N.—I continue to give instructions to the Dental profession.

Iron—Phosphorus—Calisaya.
The three best known Tonics, skillfully and elegantly combined in an unsweetened liquid, beautifully transparent to the eye, pleasant to the taste, and acceptable to the stomach, in Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. Each ounce contains one ounce of fine Calisaya Bark, and the compound contains one grain of Iron. Samples handed free to the profession. Caswell, Mack & Co., manufacturers, New York. For sale at wholesale in Pittsburgh, by H. K. Sellers & Co., at retail by druggists.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis
has gone to New York to make purchases and visits, till return in a few days to Fortress Monroe. It is rumored she will send to Pittock's for Albums, Portfolios, Wallets, &c.
Books, at Pittock's.
Desirable Photographs, at Pittock's.
Harper's Friend, Arthur's Magazine, Pleasant Hours, and Godey for September, at Pittock's.
Fancy Goods, Handkerchiefs, Jewelry, Stationery, Cards, at Pittock's.
Lawrence Barrett Photographs, at Pittock's.
Also the Eastern Dailies for full reports of the Conviction, at Pittock's.
Ball Guides and Score Books, at Pittock's.

Burnett's Standard Cooking
Extracts are renowned for their perfect purity and great strength. All druggists and choice family grocers sell them.

Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. III. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18, 1866. NO. 293.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

BY THE CABLE.

Probable War between France and Prussia.

Prussian Ambassador at the Tuileries.

Napoleon Recedes from His Demand for Extension of Frontier.

Reception of U. S. Officers in St. Petersburg.

Investigation of the Attempted Assassination of the Emperor.

PRUSSIA.

Duration of Peace—War with France Probable.

BERLIN, August 15.—The danger to the duration of the peace now existing in Germany is caused not by any political sufferances on the part of Prussia, but by questions of a territorial nature, more especially those arising from the portioning and adjustment of the Federal property acquired by the war. A war between Prussia and France is probable.

FRANCE.

Reception at the Tuileries of Prussian Ambassador.

PARIS, August 15.—The Emperor Napoleon received the Prussian Ambassador today, at an audience at the Tuileries. The Minister delivered to His Majesty the reply of the King of Prussia to the French note demanding an extension of the frontier of the Empire to the Rhine. The State paper declares that the demand is inadmissible, and that France will not accede to it.

Napoleon replied that he had made the demand in order to satisfy public opinion in France on the subject of the rectification of the frontier. He deemed it just demand, but at the same time acknowledged the fairness of the argument used by the Prussian Cabinet in the reply of refusal. He said that the relations existing at present between France and Prussia should not be disturbed in any case, and hoped Prussia would not overstep the line.

RUSSIA.

Reception by the Emperor of United States Officers.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 15.—The officers of the United States squadron were received by the Emperor and Court today, at the Imperial Palace of Tzaraskoo. Twenty of them dined with the Governor at the Panloofski Palace. The royal gardens were magnificently illuminated, and the populace, who turned out in very large numbers, were admitted. The Russian bands played the American national airs The American officers visited the Emperor's Palace and all the public buildings yesterday.

Investigation of the Attempted Assassination.

The investigation into the circumstances attending the late attempt on the life of the Czar Alexander has terminated. Several accomplices of the would-be regicide made confessions, which go to show that the object of the conspiracy was to form a general revolution in the Empire. There exists, it appears, in Russia, two secret societies hostile to the Government, one being named the Association of Orleanization, the other Dell. They had their headquarters in Moscow, and acted in communication with the European Revolutionary Committee. Several Poles who supplied the assassin l elonged to these societies.

ENGLAND.

Shipping News—The Red, White and Blue—The Kangaroo.

HASTINOS, August 15.—The small ship Red, White and Blue, which left New York on the 9th of July, with two men and a dog on board, passed here to-day bound for London, all well. The names of the men on board are Captain William Hudson and his mate, Fitch. Hastings is a small port in the English channel, about thirty-three miles from Brighton.

The steamer Kangaroo, Capt. Manning, which left New York on the 1st inst., arrived at Liverpool on the 15th.

LINES DOWN.

PORT HOOD, August 17, 10 P. M.—The Newfoundland line is prostrated by a heavy gale. It will probably be repaired to-morrow. No news to-night.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.

D. A. Finney Nominated in 20th District

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.
MEADVILLE, August 17, 1866.

D. A. Finney has been nominated for Congress by the Republican Conference. R. L. W.

By Associated Press.

MEADVILLE, August 17.—D. A. Finney was unanimously nominated for Congress from the Associated District. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

THE CHOLERA.

Better Aspect in New York—Still Raging in the West.

NEW YORK, August 17.—There were eleven new cases and ten deaths from cholera reported in this city yesterday. In Brooklyn twelve cases and four deaths were reported. The continued pleasantness of the weather has caused a decline in the number of cases. On Governor's Island, one death occurred, but it was not known whether from cholera or not. Reports from Hart's island were favorable.

CINCINNATI, August 17.—Sixty-seven deaths from cholera were reported yesterday in this city.

NEW YORK, August 17, 6 P. M.—Ten cases and four deaths by cholera are reported in the city to-day, and thirteen cases and four deaths in Brooklyn.

ST. LOUIS, August 17.—One hundred and forty-one cases of cholera are reported for the twenty-four hours ending at noon, forty-seven of which were fatal. The Board of Health have appointed three physicians in each ward in the city, to visit daily every house in their respective districts, furnish all poor people with medicines, and to enforce all sanitary measures adopted by the Board. Tents are to be erected in different parts of the city, for the accommodation of cholera patients, and every house, street, and alley in the city will be thoroughly disinfected.

NEW ORLEANS, August 17.—Twenty-seven deaths from cholera are reported for the twenty-four hours ending this morning.

NEW YORK, August 17.—The total mortality of Brooklyn in the six weeks ending to-day, was 1,910; the deaths by cholera were 520.

BALTIMORE, August 17.—One fatal case of cholera is reported here, that of a young man recently arrived from Cincinnati, where he contracted the disease.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Partial Law Still in Force—Extra Session of Mississippi Legislature.

NEW ORLEANS, August 17.—The Military Governor has been notified by the Secretary evening City Hall to the full occupancy of the city officials.

No official order remitting martial law has yet been promulgated.

Gov. Humphreys has called a special session of the Mississippi Legislature, to meet on October 15, to revise the legislation of the late regular session.

HIGHLY INTERESTING.

NEW YORK, August 17.

EXECUTION OF BERNARD FRIERY.

Bernard Friery was executed to-day, for the murder of Harry Lazarus.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

A Philadelphia special says; The New York delegation to the Philadelphia Convention have appointed a State Central Committee, which will meet at Albany next week, simultaneous with the Democrats, to call a State Convention.

INJUNCTION GRANTED.

Judge Barnard this morning granted an absolute injunction against the Common Council of New York, enjoining them from re-adopting the resolution which authorized the granting certain parties authority to construct and use an elevated railway in Broadway, Greenwich and other streets. The application was made by H. H. Rice, attorney, in behalf of Mr. H. J. Stewart. The undertaking upon the injunction is signed by Mr. Stewart and Henry Hilton, and they agree to be responsible in the sum of $1,000 for such damages as defendant may sustain by reason of the injunction, if it shall finally be decreed that the plain iff was not entitled to it.

FIRE.

The large building at the corner of Fulton and Gold streets, occupied by Wilson's Cracker Bakery, is on fire to-night, and likely to be destroyed.

WAR IN SOUTH AMERICA.

Camp of the Allies Bombarded—Peace Party Growing.

NEW YORK, August 17.—Dates of July 10th from Rio Janeiro, are received. The bombardment of the camp of the allies by the Paraguayans, lasted the last advices, lasted five hours with thirty heavy 68 and 81 pounders. The result was the destruction of about one thousand tents, most of their camp equipage and wagons, artillery dismounted, and about eighty or one hundred men *hors du combat*. An offer has been made by the ministers of Peru and Chile to the Oriental and Argentine Governments, as mediators between the belligerents. No importance is attached to this proposal, except that the peace party is growing. It will have no immediate effect, unless it be to impel the allied commanders to show more energy in decisive. The lack of which has originated the desire for peace. The Brazilian Government feels the necessity of prosecuting the war, in order to secure future tranquility for the Empire, and will prosecute it, even if abandoned by their allies.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Several Persons Killed by a Falling House—The New Japanese Tariff—Casualties at Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 17.—A four-story brick lodging-house on Summer street, fell at three o'clock this morning, caused by excavations on the adjoining lot, killing six persons and wounding fifteen, some fatally.

Major General Rufus Ingalls and General Babcock have arrived from Oregon.

The new Japanese tariff makes the export duty on tea three boos fifty cents; buncha tea, when exported from Nagasaki, seventy-five cents; hemp, two boos; raw cotton, two boos; (twenty-five cents); cassia, thirty cents.

Arrived, ships Fleetwood, Staver and Vittaka, from New York. The latter vessel reports that John Sinclair, cabin boy, was drowned at sea, and third officer Wm. Joyce Warren, of Rhode Island, killed by falling from the top-sail yard.

FROM ALBANY, N. Y.

Delegates to the Convention of Southern Loyalists.

ALBANY, August 17.—Governor Fenton has requested Senators Morgan and Harris to attend the Convention of Southern Unionists in Philadelphia, on the 3d of September, and to reassure those true and tried friends of the Union and constitutional freedom, that the Union men of New York fully appreciates their continued self-sacrificing efforts to place the States lately in revolt upon a just and solid basis; that the Constitutes with them, and sincerely desires the reestablishment of loyal State government in the communities where they reside, as soon as consistent with safety and with peace; that the Union people have the earnest sympathies States represented in Congress as early as full assurance can be had that the power of these States will rest thereafter only in the hands of, and that it will co dially co-operate with them to these ends.

FROM MEXICO.

Revolution at Matamoras—Carvajal's Government Overthrown—Gen. Wallace at Brownsville.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, August 16.—Advices from the Rio Grande state that there was a revolution in the city of Matamoras on the 10th inst., resulting in the overthrow of the Government of Carvajal. The fighting continued two days, and is in Brownsville. Gen. Low, Wallace and other citizens of the United States at Carvajal's headquarters also left Brownsville. The movement was general, and entirely political. It met with little opposition. No loss of life or destruction of property. General Pedro Perez Juarez is commander of the military forces in the city, and is said thereby has had been proclaimed the victor of Tamaulipas.

FROM HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Execution of Albert L. Starkweather the Murderer.

HARTFORD, CONN., August 17.—Albert L. Starkweather, the Manchester murderer, was hung at one o'clock this afternoon. He walked to the scaffold with a firm step, and exhibited no particular emotion. His pulse ceased in fifteen minutes after he fell, and fifteen minutes later the body was cut down. Between two and three thousand people witnessed the execution.

THE FENIANS.

A Congress to be Held at Troy, N. Y.

NEW YORK, August 17.—The *Express* states that President Roberts has called a Fenian Congress at Troy, Troy, October 1st.

Official reports of the late Fenian fiasco in Canada will be submitted. It is also stated that Sweeny purchased Montreal months ago by Mahan, for a privateer, and still lying at Atlantic dock, is manned by Sinnfeins, and that if no persists in the claim, an attachment will be procured against him by prominent Fenians of Brooklyn.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Preparing for the Cholera—Gen. Miles's Promotion.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 16.—A detachment of troops under command of Lieutenant Jay, 5th United States Artillery, was sent from here this morning to Craney Island by General Miles, to prepare quarters for the reception of the 5th United States Infantry. Fears have been entertained that these troops, coming from New York and the vicinity, might introduce the cholera into Richmond. General Miles returned from Washington this morning. He has accepted the Colonelcy of the 34th United States Infantry, and officers of the regiment will be at once ordered to report him.

FROM OMAHA.

Movements of the Lieutenant General and Party.

OMAHA, August 17.—General Sherman and several staff officers, accompanied by Senator John Sherman, arrived here yesterday. The party leaves here to-morrow morning by Union Pacific Railroad, on their way to Fort Laramie and the mountains.

FROM INDIANAPOLIS.

National Teachers' Association—World's Educational Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 17.—Dr. Lambert, of New York, read a paper in favor of a world's educational association, to be held in New York. The feasibility of the proposition was discussed, and a resolution adopted referring the subject back for further report next year. The subject of introducing the Bible as a text book in the public schools was introduced, and after lengthy discussion, referred to a committee to report next year. The Association then adjourned *sine die*.

Scientific Convention at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, August 17.—In general session of the Scientific Convention this morning, a number of new members were admitted and officers confirmed.

In section A, Physical Science, Professor Tillman completed reading a paper on the new chemical nomenclature. President Barnard expressed his admiration of the system, and commonics constructed by professor Tillman for a chemical nomenclature.

Professor T. H. Safford, of the Chicago Observatory, gave an interesting account of the Dearborn Observatory in Chicago.

President Barnard followed with a history of the great glass used in the Dearborn Observatory.

In section B, of Natural Science, yesterday, Professor Newberry, of Columbia College, presented a paper on the Origin of Prairies.

This forenoon Professor Winchell read a paper on the causes of cholera. He considered four hours ending at noon, forty-seven of which were fatal. The Board of Health have appointed three physicians in each ward in the city, to visit daily every house in their respective districts, furnish all poor people with medicines, and to enforce all sanitary measures adopted by the Board. Tents are to be erected in different parts of the city, for the accommodation of cholera patients, and every house, street, and alley in the city will be thoroughly disinfected.

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NEW ORLEANS RIOT.

Present Condition of the City.

A distinguished General, high in position in New York, has written a private letter, under date of August 10, from which we are permitted to make the following extract:

"The city is quiet at present, but there is no security for Northern men, except in the military control. Hate troops were ordered, but no security. In the late riot, the police did nearly all the shooting and stabbing, as is shown by the result, for no policemen were killed, and only two or three were wounded by firearms, counting contusions, and all the policemen wounded will not exceed a dozen; while the negroes and conventionists killed are at least forty, and wounded about two hundred. There is no doubt, in my mind, as to who were the rioters. The police are blamed as to who were the rioters. The police are blamed as to who were the rioters. The police are blamed

The Daily Commercial

SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1866.

REPUBLICAN UNION NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR,

JOHN W. GEARY.

CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT:

JAMES K. MOORHEAD.

CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT:

THOMAS WILLIAMS.

UNION COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR SHERIFF:
SAMUEL R. CLULEY.

FOR CLERK OF QUARTER SESSIONS:
JOHN G. BROWN.

FOR CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT:
ALEX. HILANDS.

FOR RECORDER:
HENRY SNIVELY.

FOR REGISTRAR:
JOSEPH H. GRAY.

FOR COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE HAMILTON.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR
JOHN F. DRAVO.

FOR ASSEMBLY:
SAMUEL CHADWICK,
R. A. COLVILLE,
GEORGE Y. M'KEE,
GEORGE WILSON,
WILLIAM PETERS,
JOHN P. GLASS.

TREASON NO CRIME.

The proceedings of the late Convention admonish us of the necessity of securing the history of the past five years. In the future it may be serviceable to us and our posterity to know that the rebellion of the Devil was well nigh paralleled by the slaveholders' rebellion of 1860-5. The experience of the past five years was gained at too great a cost—too many thousands of the flower of our loyal people were unhesitatingly laid upon the altar of their country—too many happy hearthstones were made desolate—too many of our loyal women were widowed, and too many innocent, prattling children orphaned, that we should ever forget the iniquitous rebellion. We do not think that the people of this generation at least can forget it. Those who lost loved ones in the terrible strife sureedly cannot. The soldiers who carry noble hearts in their mangled bodies cannot. The members of the Philadelphia Convention will not fail to remember it whenever they are required to pay their taxes to the Government.

The Declaration of Principles bids us to not only to forgive but to forget the past. The expression is too comprehensive. The perjury and treason of Congressmen, army, navy and Government officials; the treason of the slave aristocracy as a class; the insults to and humiliation of our flag; the calumny and abuse heaped upon our people; the cruelties and horrors of Andersonville; the butcheries of surrendered garrisons; the burning and sacking of our towns; the schemes to destroy the large cities of the loyal North; the grief and desolation that pervade half a million stricken households; the hecatomb of lives sacrificed to the fell spirit of treason; the fiendish murder of our lamented President—all, and much more, is promised by professed loyal men to be forgiven and forgotten.

So forgiving are these easy-minded men that their Declaration contains no word to intimate to posterity that treason and rebellion ever existed in this country. It seems like sacrilege to use such flippant language about the "rights of the States," "representation in Congress," when it is clear that it is intended to declare the right of a man to be immediately transferred from the command of a division of armed rebels in the field to a seat in Congress, there to legislate upon matters pertaining to the loyal men who vanquished him in fight and compelled him to surrender.

The absence of any direct reference to the rebellion in the Declaration is of itself a damning accusation against the Convention, but the absence of a reference to the punishment that treason deserves is infinitely worse. The hopes enkindled in the breasts of the people by President Johnson's oft-repeated pledges to punish traitors and make treason odious, long since perished from want of fulfilment, and it was but reasonable to presume that his creatures in Convention would sustain him in his infidelity to his promises. The truth forces itself upon us that the President and his followers are determined to establish the heresy that there is no criminality in treason,—that hereafter it shall be lawful for States and sections to rebel, and if successful they will gain all they desire, but if unsuccessful they will lose nothing, not even the right to be taken back in friendship and fellowship, to prepare for a future contest of treason against Government. Our motto for the new party, then, is appropriate—"Treason no Crime."

THE BRITISH MINISTRY AND THE BRITISH PEOPEE.

How comforting soever it may be in some, it were a matter of mere foolishness in all to attempt to disguise the fact that the political aspects of the England of to-day indicate a change of some sort. A change of sentiment has been inaugurated; a change in government may sooner or later be the result. The working classes of England, proverbial for their love of belly comfort, and their phlegmatic indifference to everything else, seem at last to have been aroused from their long years of torpor, and as if by the magic influence of some unknown conjuror's wand, to have been awakened to a new life and baptized into a new birth of political energy and mental conflict. Liberalism in England has evidently assumed a very demonstrable if not altogether disagreeable form. The working man, earning his bread by the sweat of his brow, has begun to feel that he is not altogether an automaton in the system of things. He has begun to imagine that as God has given him brains, He meant them to be used in the best manner possible. The old instinctive reverence for authority seems to have been even now supplanted by a wholesome reverence for worth. Great riches and great social influence, formerly all-powerful in metropolitan as well as provincial boroughs, have been forced to yield place to the democracy of talent, and to hide their heads abashed in presence of liberal principles and manly rectitude. At no time was this altered state of *ordinary* English public feeling more clearly evinced than at the last general election, the metropolitan boroughs setting a glorious example and inaugurating a glorious precedent. Westminster and Lambeth particularly distinguished themselves in this earnest battle of principle, and we hope that in future elections those possessed of votes in either borough may not depart in any measure from the principles upon which Mr. JOHN STUART MILL and Mr. TOM HUGHES were returned as members of the House of Commons. Mr. MILL, one of the first intellects in England, but like all other men of great intellect, over bashful, perhaps, in the matter of seeking influence or attaining to power and authority, was invited by his friends in Westminster to contest the borough. We all know the result, we know with what magnanimous sense of rectitude the hitherto retired thinker announced his principles and stated his conditions, and it will forever stand to the credit of the electors of Westminster that equally magnanimously they acceded to those conditions, accepted those principles, and by a large majority returned the father of political economy and the foremost of modern philosophers to be their representative in the lower house of the Imperial Parliament.

English liberalism, thus active so far and much further, demonstrated at all events that there were in it the germs of progress; that it had become dissatisfied with old formularies and means in the future to do something worthy of itself and worthy of its leaders. Mr. GLADSTONE headed the movement. Mr. BRIGHT, Mr. MILL, Mr. HUGHES, Professor FAWCETT and others brought up the rear guard. Promises of Reform, sweeping and extensive, were profusely given and eagerly swallowed, and British labor leaned on its oars awaiting the happy consummation of events. The short history of that conflict needs not now to be told. The tories had again and again repeated that the people of England did not want reform. The people of England, confident in the success of the ministerial measure, made the least possible noise on the subject, and there cannot be the least doubt now that this dearth of demonstration was mistaken by their adversaries for indifference. The RUSSELL-GLADSTONE ministry was defeated. The DERBY faction took its place, and they have only themselves to blame if they now find that they have been reasoning in this matter of reform upon totally false data, and to use a homely expression, "counting their chickens before they were hatched." The advent of the new ministry became the inauguration of a new and almost unparalleled political agitation. The cattle plague, for the time being, lost all its significance. The Irish question became a matter of history, and the great masses of the stalwart English working men, headed by the leaders of the Reform League, rose up as if inspired with an ardor hitherto unshown in order to show, if not by solid reasoning, at all events by more than sufficient clamor that reform was just the very thing they wanted, and that a Government based on any other footing would not and could not have the confidence of the country. And let it be remembered that this was no chartist display, no mere unprovoked outcry of muddled Democrats. Men of influence and of intellectual superiority lent their countenance to the movement, and waiving for the nonce the question as to the propriety or impropriety, the legality or illegality of such a meeting being held in Hyde Park, the demonstration clearly showed that the people were in earnest as to their demand for an extension of the suffrage, enraged that the measure had not been carried, and determined "by hook or by crook" to have it carried some day.

The advocates of Reform, prevented for the present from holding their meetings in Hyde Park and confidently appealing to the judicial decision now pending, have been in the habit of holding their demonstrations in a large and commodious building known as the Agricultural Hall, Islington. Here on the last day of the last month a meeting was held at which Mr. JOHN STUART MILL was present. Insufficient accommodation made the gathering rather a noisy one. The expression of feeling, however, was not the less emphatic on that account, and the supporters of the movement taking as their motto the words of the late Chancellor of the Exchequer—"Every man who is not personally impactated by some consideration of personal unfitness or of political danger is morally entitled to come within the pale of the Constitution," seem determined to advocate their cause, unmindful of any opposition that may be brought against them, and to maintain their principles in the face of all hostility. The resolution brought before the meeting:

That the present government, by assisting to defeat the measure brought by the late government for the amendment of the representation, and by tremendous indignities postponing the whole question of reform, and by openly employing the police to forcibly prevent the Hyde Park meeting from peaceably meeting in Hyde Park on Monday last, for the purpose of the suffrage being withheld from them, have forfeited all claim to the confidence and support of the country.

might be passed over in silence were it not that its sentiments are indorsed and its words re-echoed by such men as JOHN STUART MILL.

Looking at all these things, we think we are justified in saying that with refined, cultivated intellect and rough uncultivated earnestness combined, such a change may before long come over the spirit of the British nation and the existing forms of British government as fancy cannot picture nor prophecy predict.

POLITICAL BANKRUPTCY FROM INDORSING.

When the Democratic Senators and Representatives in Congress gave their early and prompt indorsement to the Philadelphia movement, they declared distinctly that in doing so they intended neither to pull down the Democratic party nor build up a new one. The qualification appears to have been prompted by an apprehension that the thing might prove a snare—and it is probable, now that the Convention has been held, they will be more strongly of that opinion than ever. The proceedings have developed the deliberate purpose of dismissing the Democratic party and building up a new one, to which the title of "National Union Party" has been formally given. In this Mr. WEED has been the master of ceremonies; and he is an old hand at that sort of thing. Whatever else that veteran politician may do, he may be depended upon never to be found in the tail of the Democratic kite. If he is famous for anything it is for leading always—following, never. If he is an adept at anything, it is in moulding men to his purposes, dusting their eyes, looking one way and rowing another. All these qualifications have been eminently displayed at Philadelphia. The "National Union Party" has been formally launched, under the sanctions of a Convention which without Democratic aid might have failed utterly. That party itself stands dismissed by the act, and into the fold of the new organization are gathered elements and men, which the Democracy earnestly hoped to ally to its organization, but which with one stroke have been gathered in another direction, and under circumstances and with a prestige which virtually, as we have said, dismisses the Democratic party as the great opposition party of the country. No Democrat—no man—who takes a comprehensive view of politics in the future can fail to perceive that Mr. WEED's movement has completely overlaid the Democratic party just in the hour of its greatest expectations.

An Address, a set of Resolutions, a series of committees and a complete organization are the results of the Philadelphia Convention. In all the South this organization will be the only one opposed to the Republican Union party. It will not be the Democratic party, which is swallowed up and will not be seen hereafter there. In the North this new party is an entity—the rising sun—backed by the National Administration and its patronage. If in these States it does not at once supersede the Democratic party, it will at the least and at the outset be strong enough to dictate to it, and exact its own terms. Watch the course of events from this time forth and see if the Democratic party, lately so full of hope and animated by so many expectations,—which gave its indorsement to the Philadelphia movement just as a rich man indorses the note of a new beginner—we say observe from this time forth if loyally and generally the "National Union Party" does not lord it over the Democratic party.

Such was the purpose and such will be the fact. It is the latest development of "WEED and SEWARDISM"—an element—a power, rather—that at different important periods has had much to do in shaping the politics of the country.

We congratulate our Democratic friends on their venture. Indorsing is a bad business, at all times, the world over. This is not the first case of utter bankruptcy proceeding from such a cause, and if there is such a thing as a statute whereby the Democrats can relieve themselves from their present dilemma, we advise them to avail themselves of it at once.

THE CONVENTION ON "QUALIFICATIONS."

The Third and Fourth Articles in the creed of the late Convention are intended to remove all the obstacles and to open a wide door for the representatives of the Southern people, to enter Congress. These articles are open to much just criticism. But we notice now only the clause which relates to the right of Congress.

The right of each house of Congress to judge of the qualifications of its own members, has never, till lately, been disputed. Because this Congress will not receive every TOM, DICK and HARRY of the rebellion, that others of like character choose to send, the right of Congress has been called into question, and such explanations and restrictions and absurdities have been put upon that clause of the Constitution which defines their right, as to leave them no right at all in the case. Mr. COWAN confines it to the simple inquiries whether the candidate is a citizen of the United States, whether he is of proper age, and whether he had the majority of the votes of his district. And it is likely if Mr. COWAN did not write the Fourth Article, he probably interpolated the words "election returns" in it, as a hint that that covered the chief ground. He utterly denies the right of Congress to make any inquiries or conditions about other qualifications, restricting it to those more clerical points, as they may be called, which are set forth in the certificate of election.

Mr. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS evidently entertained no such narrow ideas of the right of Congress in the case. He says, the States shall decide *who shall send* the members, that is, who shall vote for them, but Congress shall judge of their qualifications. Besides, the right of Congress to expel a member for cause, implies plainly the right to reject an applicant for membership for cause. And in the President's policy loyalty is declared to be a qualification. So it is in the very article of the Convention of which we are speaking. But who is to judge whether this qualification belongs personally to the applicant for membership, unless it be Congress itself.

We apprehend the suspicious clause which we have referred to was inserted *furtively* to further Mr. COWAN's policy of reconstruction, by the admission of Southern members, loyal or disloyal, by confining the judgment of Congress to the points of age and citizenship and election. The family record, the tax list, and the poll books may be hunted through for evidence, but no test shall be applied to the man himself, whatever his fame or conduct in the rebellion may have been.

REJECTING THE LESSER AND ADMITTING THE GREATER TRAITOR.

VALLANDIGHAM appears not to have been excluded—as he virtually was—from the Philadelphia Convention because of his sympathy with treason and association with traitors; for while he was excluded, ALEXANDER H. STEVENS, who stood second only to DAVIS, was not only admitted, but warmly welcomed. It can not be claimed, therefore, that the virtual excluding of VALLANDIGHAM was the result of abhorrence for his principles, or of an honest, sincere determination to reprobate treason and punish traitors. If it were so, VALLANDIGHAM, who was but a sympathiser, would not have been rejected, while STEVENS, a leading participant, and the man responsible to an unequalled extent for the early success of the rebellion, was not only received, but welcomed with uproarious demonstrations. Now the question arises very naturally, why was VALLANDIGHAM deemed unworthy of a seat, when the second officer of the Confederacy was warmly welcomed? We have said the Convention was a masked affair, —a stupendous fraud, or an attempted one—and this proves it. *The Convention was not governed by principles, but by considerations of policy solely.* It was deemed impolitic to admit VALLANDIGHAM, and he was kept out. Precisely why, at the same moment, it was deemed so very politic and wise to bring in STEVENS with all the honors, remains a question still. That it was not on account of any principle involved—but rather in defiance of the principle of loyalty—is too obvious to be questioned.

The managers, no doubt, expected to make much in this way out of VALLANDIGHAM. But the people of the country are intelligent and observing. They are not easily duped, and the desperate schemers who have deliberately set about deceiving the masses through an expert shifting of scenery, will surely fail in the attempt.

WHAT THE SOUTH THINKS OF THE DOINGS AT PHILADELPHIA.

The Richmond *Enquirer* is not pleased with the doings at Philadelphia. It thinks VALLANDIGHAM should have been permitted to enter; and it is disgusted with the "Hugging Scene" between Massachusetts and South Carolina. It has not had explained to it that these things were all for effect, and when it comes to understand this, the *Enquirer* will think better of it.

The *Enquirer* is a representative of the Southern masses, and believes now as religiously in secession as it ever did. It waits only for a more convenient season to accomplish that which failed when the rebel armies were beaten. It despises to profess loyalty where none is felt—and it claims to be the true reflex of the Southern heart.

In the issue of Wednesday, the *Enquirer* does not hesitate to declare its disgust at the "Hugging Scene," and we do not think we could give our readers anything more relishable than its article with the above title. It is as follows:

"It is not seemly to smile at a funeral. It is out of place to weep at a wassail. It is scarcely allowable to tip a WINK to a friend when the stage is in a rapture of sentiment, and the audience in ecstacy and trance. It is indeed incurable to be like unsophisticated McConnell, the member of Congress from Alabama, while witnessing the play of Hamlet at Ford's. Surrendering himself to the illusions of the stage display, and quite carried away by the simulated distress of the heroine, he exclaimed from his seat, with the big tears rolling down his cheeks, 'Shut up, Pauline! Don't cry! You are very well married and don't know it.'

Despite all this, we fear that when we read the account of the scene on the platform of yesterday's telegram, in which Messrs. Orr and Conch were united sisters, we did not feel that sympathetic emotion which ran through the audience of spectators. Perhaps we had some feelings, but we were not there to show our admiration. The pathos enacted there was very much like pathos in real life here.

It was intended, by the getters up of the tableau, to symbolize that the very extremes and most remote States, the cotton States of Southern people, and Massachusetts, the most progenatial of the Puritans, had smoked the pipe of peace, and were locked in the fraternal embrace; and the scene was held up for study as a beautiful picture of moral art. But is there not another view? Did Mr. ORR go to Philadelphia to confess that his State is on all WRITTEN as fast on its truth and loyalty as Massachusetts? That she was an equal, either, to the task? Indeed has often been charged against her, but it has not been well established now, when her sufferings and her sorrows make it impossible to doubt her word? Is she a coward? Perhaps a capacity for dirt eating is not without its uses, and so may that Mr. ORR is in England and Ireland, and has been for a supply of Southern leadership or imperial favor, or for both, and is now locked in the embrace of Massachusetts. Virginia is for peace and reconciliation. But reticent and grave in enduring more than fight, she will not be consoled by a performance which winds up the tremendous tragedy through which she has passed, with artificial scenes of fraternal embraces, such as belong to a sensation drama. She has a better conception of the war and of the sacrifices she has made, acting with the world as look on."

50 WORDS!

The new dispensation, in American politics, has been opened. The inaugurating ceremony, if not supernatural, was certainly quite out of the line of known political operations. Never was such a convention witnessed before. Never had faith, among an equally large body of human beings, so unbounded and unquestioned a reign. Never had the Quaker city itself a more impressive display of mute eloquence, and of total self abnegation, in a convention of professional speakers!

It *seems* as if some mighty voice of command had said to every particular member and to the collective assembly, "Go to Philadelphia, go in crowds, hurrah as much as you please, but mind! No talk! Words gender strifes, or, at least, betray them. You have your orders."

The Convention was not called and did not meet for thought, for discussion—all that was gone through with elsewhere—but for obedience. It therefore stands alone among political conventions, a marvel of majestic silence. Oratory was tongue tied, the sense of hearing was held in abeyance, the Convention was a vision. Then a panorama—the convention may have taken it as a maxim—*"tacitus cornus,"* &c., the silent crow eats the corn. There is another proverb: "Weed and Sewardism"—an element—a power, rather—that at different important periods has had much to do in shaping the politics of the country.

We congratulate our Democratic friends on their venture. Indorsing is a bad business, at all times, the world over. This is not the first case of utter bankruptcy proceeding from such a cause, and if there is such a thing as a statute whereby the Democrats can relieve themselves from their present dilemma, we advise them to avail themselves of it at once.

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copperhead Berks, and form themselves into companies and regiments? Organize at once, and make the demonstration of September 27th eclipse in splendor all previous mass conventions in this county.

WHO WERE THEY?—If the actors in the hugging scene of the Convention were South Carolina radicals and copperheads from Massachusetts, we can't see anything so wonderful and exhilerating in it. It was no more than what they have been wishing for a chance to do for these five years past.

MR. JOHNSON'S CONVENTION.—The ownership has been acknowledged. As soon as the prescribed business is over, a report is made, and the good and faithful servants are greeted with an approving smile.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The London *Times* recently printed a report of the proceedings in Parliament on the previous night, extending over twenty-four columns. As Parliament does not begin its session until a very late hour in the afternoon, this was rapid work on the part of the reporters. Four of its pages being thus filled, the *Times* apologizes for the exclusion of other matter.

Now, that it has been proved that telegraphing across the Atlantic Ocean is practical, arrangements are being made in New York to connect Europe by a second cable. The route to be taken by this line is via Bermuda and the Azores, thence to Lisbon, Portugal, a distance of of about twenty-one hundred miles.

At Montevallo, Alabama, a few days ago a large Gothic mansion, containing seventeen people suddenly fell, and buried all the inmates in the ruins, yet strange to relate not one of them was injured even slightly.

The Registrar General of the three Kingdoms estimate the population at the present time—August, 1866—as follows: England and Wales, 21,210,526; Scotland, 3,161,413; Ireland, 5,371,871, Total, 29,865,404. Population of the United states census of 1860, 31,443,321.

The Health Commissioners of New York city have made their estimates for 1866 and 1867. For the balance of this year their expenses will be $157,900 00. For direct and general expenses during the first six months of 1867, they will require $82,700.

Lyons, the eminent western professor, gives an opinion that the whole of Southern Illinois is filled with rich lead veins, yielding ore in paying quantities at a depth of from fifteen to twenty feet, and reaching down to the enormous depth of from thirteen hundred to sixteen hundred feet.

Two more splendid locomotives for the Union Pacific Railroad Company have just been furnished by an Eastern firm.

Work on the New York Academy of Music is progressing very slowly, owing, it is said, to the difficulty of procuring workmen, except at wages which the contractors are not willing or cannot afford to pay. The chances of having it ready for occupation by the first of January next, as promised, are not very flattering.

A little barque of five hundred tons, called the Nellie Chapin, has sailed from Jonesport, Me., for Jaffa, with a cargo of lumber for the land of Palestine. She also carries out several missionaries.

RELIGIOUS.

☞ NOTICE.—RELIGIOUS SERVICE will be held in the Second United Presbyterian Church, sixth, above Grant, at the usual hours, by the Pastor, Dr. PERSLEY. aug15

ENGLISH ARMY CHOLERA ANTIDOTE.

English Army Cholera Antidote,
English Army Cholera Antidote,

Has been used with the most wonderful success for 15 years in the Army and Navy of the English Army stationed in India and other Asiatic possessions, and has received the indorsement of the most intelligent medical professors of all countries.

In Cholic, Diarrhoea, Cramps, Dysentery and vomiting its action is remarkably prompt and efficient, free from any dangerous results so common in other preparations. Sold by

McCLARRAN & McKENNAN
Drug'sts, 88 Market Street, and
aug14 Near Fifth Street.

FRUIT WAX. FRUIT WAX.

Fruit Wax. Fruit Wax. Fruit Wax.
Fruit Wax. Fruit Wax. Fruit Wax.
Fruit Wax. Fruit Wax. Fruit Wax.

The best and most reliable article.
The best and most reliable article.
The best and most reliable article.
The best and most reliable article.

Sold cheaper than elsewhere in the city.
Sold cheaper than elsewhere in the city.
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At FLEMING'S Drug Store,
At FLEMING'S Drug Store,
At FLEMING'S Drug Store.

No. 84 Market st., cor. Diamond, near Fourth st.
No. 84 Market st., cor. Diamond, near Fourth st.
No. 84 Market st., cor. Diamond, near Fourth st.
aug16

PRIME INDIGO.

Prime Indigo.
Prime Indigo.
Prime Indigo.

For Dying Purposes,
For Dying Purposes,
For Dying Purposes.

That Cannot be Equalled for Quality or Price,
That Cannot be Equalled for Quality or Price,
That Cannot be Equalled for Quality or Price.

At FLEMING'S Drug Store,
At FLEMING'S Drug Store,
At FLEMING'S Drug Store,
At Manufactory.

No. 84 Market street.
No. 84 Market street.
No. 84 Market street.

Corner of the Diamond near Fourth street.
Corner of the Diamond near Fourth street.
Corner of the Diamond near Fourth street.
Corner of the Diamond near Fourth street.
aug16

250,000
WHEELER & WILSON
Lock Stitch
SEWING MACHINES

Are now in use and their yearly sales more than all others combined.

The rise and fall of numberless Machines herald as an "equal" to all others, has caused the public to learn that it is safer to buy a good article of established reputation and from responsible parties than to risk their money in fanciful experiments. These Machines have MORE IMPROVEMENT, MAKE LESS NOISE, are MUCH MORE SPEEDY and SIMPLER in operation than any Machine in the Market. An examination solicited before making a purchase elsewhere

WM. SUMNER & CO.,
No. 27 Fifth Street,
PITTSBURGH PA.
aug17

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND HOP—
A GRAND HOP

Will take place THIS EVENING, at the "Mountain House, Cresson.

Music by the Hasfeld's Orchestra, of Philadelphia.
aug17-3

FOURTH ANNUAL PIC-NIC OF THE FENIAN BROTHERHOOD P. C., at MCFARLAND'S GROVE, TUESDAY, August 21, 1866.

The Committee of Arrangements will give away a Silver Goblet, one for the best Runner in a Foot Race, one for the winner of a Sack Race, and one for something else, which to be appreciated must be seen.
aug15

STRAYED—

On the 14th inst., to the premises of the subscribers, near Braddock's Fields, Wilkins township, TWO HOGS. One a Yarrow, color white the other a Sow, black and white spotted. The owner can have the same upon paying for damages committed by them on the premises, and also for this advertisement.
aug15-3 H. & A. PEIRIE

BOATS FOR SALE

TWO FIRST-CLASS TRADING BOATS,

One 106 by 20, and 14 by 63. The boats can be seen on the Allegheny river above Hand street bridge. The owners can be seen on the boat.
aug15 C. CLARK.

FOR SALE—

SALOON AND RESTAURANT,

Long established, doing a fine business. Price $2,100.

Also—A fine Drug Store, Leases Stable for three Horses, and all complete. Sold for no fault. $1,750.
aug15-3 H. W. RAMSEYER,
No. 252 Ohio street.

FOR SALE—LEASE OF A FOUR STORY BRICK HOUSE, for seven years from 1st October next; completed on Hamilton, on O Hara street, up to the Pennsylvania Railroad Passenger Depot, together with the machinery contained in said building, consisting of an Engine about 10 horse power, with Fine Boiler, Shafting and Belting complete in all; two sets elevators, and also a set of Hoists, and the whole can now be converted into a Machine Shop or Flouring Mill. Inquire of
aug15 H. A. WILSON, 323 Liberty street.

NEW YORK REGULATIONS.

Base Balls.

I am sole agent for Western Pennsylvania for Horsman's Celebrated New York Regulations.
Base Balls, the best in the market.
JAMES BOWN.
aug15 139 Wood street.

SHOT GUNS.

SHOT GUNS.

Just received a fine assortment of the best makes of Double Barreled Shot Guns, also, a fine assortment of German and American on hand at
aug15 JAMES BOWN'S, 136 Wood St.

CURTIS & BARVEY'S Celebrated
English Diamond Grain

GUNPOWDER,

Just received 5 doz. 1 lb. cans assorted grain ,at
aug15 JAMES BOWN'S, 136 Wood St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. S. HAVEN,

PRINTER,

STATIONER, BOOKBINDER,
AND
BLANK BOOK
Manufacturer.

BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS, CATALOGUES.
PRICE LISTS, BILL HEADS,
BILLS OF LADING.
POSTERS, HAND BILLS,
SHOW CARDS.
LEGAL BLANKS, BUSINESS CARDS,
LETTER AND NOTE HEADS.
Certificates of Stock, Circulars,
CHECKS, NOTES, DRAFTS.
TICKETS.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE,
LABELS, TAGS,
INVITATIONS.
Address, Wedding & Visiting
CARDS,
And every description of
RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT,
AND
Commercial Printing,
Executed in the best style, and dealer in all kinds of
WRITING AND PRINTING PAPERS,
PRINTER'S MATERIALS.
Copying, Seal and
Canceling Presses,
WRITING FLUID,
Arnold's, Laughlin & Bashfield's, Bolden's and Maynard & Noyes's
FRENCH COPYING INKS
CARMINE INKS, AMERICAN & FRENCH
PENCILS
Black Lead, Red and Blue.
GOLD, STEEL,
AND
AMALGAM PENS.
RUBBER GOODS,
Gold Mounted Pencils, Pen Holders and Rulers,
Cor. Wood & Third Sts.,
PITTSBURGH.
aug15

GRAND
ART ASSOCIATION
Unprecedented Success.

Seven Thousand Four Hundred Shares in a Single Day. North, South, East and West Responding Handsomely to Unparalleled Popularity Still Increasing.

FIRST PREMIUM,
THE CROSBY OPERA HOUSE.
VALUE $600,000.

Annual rental of Stores, Studios and Offices, exclusive of Opera House, $30,000.

300 PAINTINGS

By the greatest American Artists. SPLENDID ENGRAVINGS FOR EVERY SUBSCRIBER, according to the order of subscription.

PRICE OF CERTIFICATES, $5 00.

NOTICE—The integrity of the management of the Association is guaranteed by the subscription to the list by whom the award of the premiums will be decided.

For further particulars see previous advertisement, and the published prospectus.

HENRY MINER,
71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET,
AGENT FOR PITTSBURGH.
aug15

BOOKS, STATIONERY,
MAGAZINES
AND
PAPERS,
STEAM BOOK AND JOB
PRINTING.
JOHN P. HUNT & CO.,
59 Fifth street,
(MASONIC HALL.) aug15

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
101 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH,

Are now prepared to furnish at wholesale to Country Dealers all kinds of

SCHOOL BOOKS
Blank Books,
STATIONERY, PAPER, ETC.,

All goods in our line as low as can be purchased elsewhere.
aug15

WELDON & KELLY,

PLUMBERS, GAS
AND
STEAM FITTERS.

A large assortment of Plumber's Material, including
WOOD AND IRON PUMPS,
Wash Stands, Bath Tubs, Lead Pipe, Hydrant Hose, &c., constantly on hand.

No. 164 WOOD STREET, NEAR SIXTH.
aug15

BOYS'
CLOTHING.

If you wish to purchase a suit of BOYS' CLOTHING, elegantly and tastefully gotten up, call at Star of the West Clothing Hall, No. 169, corner St. Clair and Liberty streets. A. ARONSON, Merchant Tailor.

N. B.—Imported Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings constantly on hand for men's wear, garments made to order on short notice, and warranted to fit. myl5

WHEAT A Cargo of Choice
Minnesota
Club Wheat,
Arriving in Cleveland. For sale by
D. WALLACE,
aug17 353 Liberty Street

STRAY HORSE. Came to the premises of the subscriber, 1 Ross Township, Allegheny county, on THURSDAY, the 9th inst.

A LARGE BAY HORSE,

Between eight and ten years old, with flat feet and having no shoes on. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.
aug15-3 FREDERICK KITLER.

SCREWLESS
Shutter Hinges,
Cheap and Strong, and easier put on than any Hinges in use, at
JOS. WOODWELL & CO'S.,
cor. Second and Wood sts.,
Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.
jy30

THIRTEEN COMPETENT
Teachers Wanted.

The School Board of Mifflin Township wish to employ 13 competent Teachers. Schools open the first Monday in September. Term, 6 months. By order of the Board.
JAS. MEANS, Sec'y.
aug11 wad&w

H. E. CRANE.
J. B. HARSHAW

HARSHAW & CRANE
CARPENTERS & JOBBERS
Sh op. Cor. Penn and Hand Sts.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

All orders for repairing addressed to P. O. Box 575, or left at our shop, will be promptly attended. aug7-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WARD'S
Paper Collars
AND CUFFS FOR
LADIES
AND GENTLEMEN,
J. D. BERND,
15 FIFTH STREET,
Wholesale Agent,
For PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Ladies' Victoria Turn-over Paper Collar. Ladies' Empress Turn-over Paper Collar.
Ladies' English Standing Paper Collar. Ladies' American Standing Paper Collar.
Ladies French Paper Cuffs. Ladies' English Paper Cuffs.
Gent's Piccadilly Paper Collar. Gent's. Shakespeare Paper Collar.
Gentlemen's Standing Paper Collar. Gentlemen's Turnover Paper Collar.
Cents. Reversible Paper Cuffs. Cents. English Paper Cuffs.

MANUFACTURED BY
S. W. H. WARD, New York.

POSTPONEMENT
THE GRAND NATIONAL
CONCERT,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Soldiers' and Sailors'
NATIONAL ORPHANS' HOME FUND,
Under the Auspices of the
Soldiers' and Sailors' Union,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
At Grover's Theater,

SPECIAL NOTICE.
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 2, 1866.
A large number of the Tickets remaining unsold it will be necessary to postpone the drawing until

Thursday, October 11th, '66,

At which time it will positively occur.

The many swindling schemes that have been presented to the public during the past few months somewhat delayed our sales until we were able to settle upon a plan which, we think, will meet with the surprise was genuine, and solely for charitable purposes. The Directors are composed of the most of every city, and have sufficient influence to guarantee the sales without any further postponement.

$2 300,000 Tickets will be sold at $1 each—75 000 Prizes, amounting to $2,300,000 or $1,425,000 of the Profits to be given to the Soldiers and Sailors' National Orphans' Home Fund, and the balance to the Male and Female Orphan Asylum, the balance after deducting expenses to be paid to the Treasurer of the Soldiers and Sailors' Union, of Washington, D. C.

List of Presents to be Awarded.

1	Two story brick residence, 10th st., between M and N	$ 5,000
2	Fine city lots on 7th st., north	4,000
1	Splendid Carriage, Horses and Harness complete	1,000
1	Splendid Diamond Ring	2,000
1	Pair Diamonds, containing (Pin, Ear Rings and Rings	1,000
1	Grand Piano, (second way's)	1,000
1	Solid Silver Service	1,000
10	Grand Piano's, $500 each	5,000
50	Gold Watches, $100 each	5,000
100	Gents' Gold Watches, $200 each	20,000
50	Ladies' do do $250 each	12,500
5	Grand Melodeons, $300 each	1,500
500	Gents' Gold Watches, $12 each	6,000
75	Ladies' do do $40 each	3,000
50	Diamond Rings, $100 to $200 each	7,500
25	Diamond Pins, $60 to $100 each	2,500
150	Sewing Machines, $200 each	30,000
20	do do $75 each	1,500
20	do do $75 each	1,500
500	Silver-plated Tea Sets, $25 each	12,500
150	Gold Hunting Cases, $50 each	7,500
5,000	Clocks, Albums, Jewelry, &c., $5 to $100	27,000
10,000	Tea Caddies (one, $2; $2 to $5 each	43,000
10,000	Gold pens, one for $2; $2 to $5 each	43,000
10 453	Books, cutlery, engravings, $1 to $5 each	39,000
	Total	$255,000

The awards will be made after the Concert, on the stage of the theater, where three thousand persons can be seated. A committee will be appointed by the audience to superintend the same.

Full lists of awards will be published and supplied to agents and ticket holders. Parties having tickets will retain them until after the awards are made, and if their numbers appear in the list, they will forward their tickets immediately, with full directions as to the shipping of goods or transfer of property. Tickets for sale at all the principal Hotels, Books and Music stores in the city and at the Head quarters, in the Mammoth Fair Building for the benefit of Soldiers' widows and orphans. National Orphans' Home Fund, corner of Seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C.

The Directors appeal to the liberality of the people to give this enterprise their kind support, and thereby assist in relieving the wants and necessities of our fallen comrades.

MANAGING DIRECTORS.
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All persons favorably disposed are requested to act as agents, but no commissions will be allowed.

Send immediately in all cases by mail, Post Office Order, draft, Express, or Registered Letters.

In ordering please send the name and Post Office address County and State of each separate subscriber, and enclose stamp. All orders for tickets must be addressed to

WILLIAM S. MORSE,
Secretary Soldiers' and Sailors' National Concert,

The Daily Commercial

THE PULPIT.

God's Motive of Action Toward Men

LECTURE-ROOM TALK.

Delivered in the Vestry of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn,

By Henry Ward Beecher.

There is one expression in the Word of God that has always come home to me with very great power and sweetness. It is that where God is spoken of as acting toward men *for his own nature's sake*—or, for his own sake. I have always preferred to give to this the highest moral and affectionate interpretation. I look into life once if I can find any analogy or suggestion of the feeling which is meant. I find men doing service to each other because it is their duty. A man is appointed to perform a given function, and he performs that function. Men are benefitted by it. He may not be without a kindly sympathy for its fruits; but the reason why he performs that function is that it is his duty.

I find that others perform service because they are persuaded. We ask them to do us a kindness, and they comply with our request by reason of our persuasion, or by virtue of some feeling to a much higher one—namely, an inherent love of doing kind things. I remember when I was a very childhood persons that did kind things, as I thought, not only because it was easier for them, but because it was pleasanter for them. I have one in my mind. I have never heard her speak an unkind word, and never saw her to refuse an office of tenderness and kindness—not even in the midst of boisterous plays and frolicsome children, that in some spirits of hers, vented on everybody's toes. I never saw her other than ready to smile. She was always willing to speak kindly and sympathetically. And, as I look back upon her now, I know that it was her nature to do it; that it was the spirit of kindness and love; that she did not say to herself, "I ought to do it," and then restrain other feelings in order to do it; at the first thing that presented itself to her was that of gentleness, and goodness, and cheerfulness; that she obtained her own satisfaction in these.

A nightingale is made so that, if it speaks at all, it speaks musically; and there are some parts that if they act toward you at all, act in a spirit of love. The grace of love, the beauty of love, the delicacy, the nobleness, the fineness, the freshness, the largeness of love, belong to men, as a gift of God in their constitution.

Now, this is imperfect. It must needs be in human creatures. But it is sufficient to give minds a kindling spark. And I take this ought and rise to a being who dwells among imitations of matter, time and space, who is small and who in the greatness of His nature would be without variableness, without caprice, and in whose first impulse is love or kindness.

When a musician puts his heart to an instrument to play he does it, not because there are rooms in the other room that may be pleased with his playing, but because he himself loves to play, and because he wants to play; there is such a thing as love in the heart that is, not because it is right (though it is right), because it is duty (though it may be duty), but because the heart itself wants to love.

I think of Christ as a being who answers a fain hunger for love in himself, who loves since he himself wants to love; who spares, forgives, who succors, who bears, for his own nature's sake. We are all the time interacting some other and lower reason why he does things. We say that he is admiring a government, and that he must conform the laws of that great government. But I go back that greater truth which is revealed in the life that there is a nature in God by which He does as God. I love to see this simply because it is necessity of His nature to do so. I find in the life of God that *invokes him to love*; and it is the life of Christ that makes *Him love*; and it is the plitude of it, and the delicacy of it, as well as grandeur and vastness of it, that *makes* him towards sinners for his own name's sake—it, for his own nature's sake. It is spontaneous, if there was not one motive in the mind—there are many; but if there were none by Christ should have compassion on the sinner, his own native feelings would see him to have it. If there was not an exceptional argument addressed to the throne of for sparing grace and mercy, there would reasons in it. He would, in His own nature, be the lover, that would inspire him to love

ell, what are the benefits of this view? st, it is a view of God that my heart loves, most loves that which, for reasons of instruction, we are continually forced to do. It is given to the mind, except through long study, in such measure, and only imperfectly that, to take in the nature of a being that is so plex and vast as God must nee to be; and we obliged, as it were, to separate God into ents; and taken in that way. He seems to of that round and self-living which we n sympathize or friend here, and toward n all our sympathies go out. As we view God seems to be a cluster of motives ts, each one of them bright, but somehow d vexed and tenuous; and when we look to and t love, there seems to be a bright vague- and we think there we must be a God, but do comprehend Him, because we have distur- ts personality into generalizations and ab- ctions.

ow I like to go back and clothe God, in one e, with human attributes, and so far render n a personality that I shall be able to take with closeness and distinctness as a friend; above all, I like to ascribe to Him a nature ch that the spontaneous outpouring of His , with all its graces, and all its beauties, and all its sweetness, shall exist in Him by right, make it easier for me to pray to Him, and mune with Him and serve Him. I love to a noble God. It is an exceeding consola- for men to have the thought that their ion stands, not in what they are, or what do, but in the grace of God; that is, in that ne of God which leads Him to do things is to those that do not deserve kindnesses. other words, it is an exceeding consolation it men to their confidence in a God who is to do all that we used to have done for on that lie in His own nature, rather than asons that He sees existing in our charac- and circumstances.

ecollect, when I was in Europe, in several , that, when good news came from my thers, I was transported. In Paris, perce- , I had such a wealth of good news that I hardly contain myself. I was generous nd all description. I wished everybody luck. And I did not care whether men im- ne or not. I had such a feeling of tri- that I wanted to do something to show od I could have bestowed myself in free giving away right and left. I almost felt the man who did not want anything was friend of mine. And you have had a simi- xperience. Do you not remember the day you got home after a long journey? Do not remember the day when you met some l for whom you had hungered? Do you member those transporting days that lift u above all ordinary experience, and car- you over your best disposition? And do not remember how your heart overflowed generosity, and how you longed to satisfy elings? Character was not neglected, and ere was a grace and kindness in your dis- that overlapped character, so that, as and you were obliged to give to gratify earning.

, if I've to feel, in hours of sorrow and de- ency by reason of sin, that my salvation as not altogether on my natural character that there is, somehow, in God—not in an of salvation, but in the original ten- of the divine nature—this great power rapping love, that makes men worthy to e if be revelance and kindness, that is s, transforms them into loveliness. I love that though I am deficient, Christ is at, though my righteousness may be as rags, his is royal and radiant; that, though be weak, everlasting strength is mine, grace is made sufficient for our weak- And we may well rejoice to be empty and If being so is the occasion of bringing in iness of God, and in the strength of God, be mercy of God, and the love of God in Jesus.

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And Solicitors of AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS, 75 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

...MACRELL.....J. C. M'COMBS.

...RRELL & M'COMBS,

...neys and Counsellors at Law, No. 89 Grant Street, PITTSBURGH PA.

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...attention given to military and all other claims ...the Government. Pensions procured. no4-tf

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NORTON, Attorney, having offices at Au- ...LER and WOODVILLE, with competent as- ...ts transact a general collection and agency ...ill throughout Texas. Lands bought and sold throughout Texas; money collected and ...ld; titles investigated; and every description in ...Those having claims of any description in ...of the State can address accordingly.

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...BLANK BOOKS ...Which they will warrant to give satisfaction ...pect. Orders may be left at their store ...Wood street, or at their Printing House and ...dery, No. 96 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. no26

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PAPER DEALERS.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MAN- ...UFACTURING COMPANY have on hand and are ...y receiving from their mills a ...Manilla, Hardware, Roofing and Wrapping Papers, ...e the market requires, and can afford to supply ...r customers. Cash paid for all kinds of paper ...ags. 88 Third street. my7

...HER BELTING— ...IESSMAN & CLARK, ...RTH ST., near the Penitentiary, Allegheny ...manufacturers of every description of TANNED ...ther, CURRIED and Riveted OAK TANNED ...ER BELTING. BELTS made to order and ...ED. Particular attention paid to ...olling Mills and heavy works. All work ...d. Orders respectfully solicited. ...ly W&F

...INY. ...Prime Pearl Hominy, just received and for ...JNO. B. CANFIELD & SON, 114 and 116 First street.

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TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES. W. C. SMYTHE ..... Sole Lessee. FRED. AIMS ..... Manager.

TREMENDOUS SUCCESS OF THE MONSTER VARIETY COMBINATION.

This Saturday Eve'g, Aug. 18 1866.

A Splendid Bill, Consisting of Supers Ballets, New Acts, Songs and Ensemblelies, &c. &c.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Orchestra Chairs	50 Cents.
Parquette	25 "
Gallery	15 "
Sole	

THE BEST TROT OF THE SEASON.

Eastern Exchange Driving Park.

A grand trot will take place at the above Park on SATURDAY 18th, at o'clock. Best three in five. Purse $150. Owners entries to go with Sherman. Dr. Vaughn and Dutchess, to saddle, and Hock & Wise, to, and to the following described property, to wit: One Distillery, and the lot of ground on which the same is erected, and all the buildings appurtenant thereto; one Copper Distil, one Steam Engine and Boiler, one Mash Tub with Rake, Four large Fermenting Tubs, one Worm and Tub, three Beer Tubs, together with all the other Tubs, Pipes and Fixtures in said Distillery.

Also, Seventy two Barrels of Whisky, All of the said property is situated in Franklin Township, Greene County, Pa., and will there be delivered to the purchaser.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Hock & Wise, at the suit of United States.

ALEXANDER BURLOCH, Marshal, Marshal's Office, Pittsburgh, Pa. JULY 25, 1866. jy26-eod1m

ALLEGHENY VINEGAR MANUFACTORY,

366 AND 367 LACOCK STREET, ALLEGHENY.

The undersigned are now manufacturing, and will have constantly on hand Pure Cider and Wine Vinegar, which they will supply to their customers and the trade generally, at the lowest market price. All orders promptly attended to.

ROSENBACH, MAILERT & CO.,

CARD.

The undersigned have sold out their entire interest in the Vinegar Manufacturing Business, on Lacock st., Allegheny, to ROSENBACH, MAILERT & CO. We would cheerfully recommend our successors to the favorable patronage of our old customers.

au16-2w H. SCHIRA & CO.

100 AGENTS WANTED FOR THE ...ETNA AND ELLEPTIC ... SEWING MACHINES, AND Dalton Knitting Machine. BOWDOIN & GIBSON, GENERAL AGENTS, NO. 24 FIFTH STREET (Up Stairs) PITTSBURGH, PA.

Send for a circular. au16-THUS

TO LET,

A DESIRABLE HOUSE on Center Avenue, now occupied by Captain Gen. W. Johnson. There is half an acre of ground attached to the house and shrubbery surrounding the House. Situated on the line of the Allentville Passenger Railway. Inquire of or CHATHAM T. EWING, Attorney at Law, 69 Grant street.

au16-tf

STAR BRAND CINCINNATI Sugar Cured Hams,

Star Brand Cincinnati Sugar Cured Dried Beef, Choice Beef Tongues, No. 1 Mackerel, in Kits, Mess Mackerel in Kits, 25 Boxes Modified Sperman Soap in store, and for sale at the Family Grocery of LEWIS & McCLURE, 346 Liberty Street.

au14

SUGAR—

25 bbls Lovering's Crushed, Granulated Powdered, A and B Coffee Sugars, 10 hhds choice Cuba, 20 boxes extra C, and 20 bbls Yellow. For sale by LEWIS & McCLURE, au11 346 Liberty Street.

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the CUSTOM HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the 14th DAY of AUGUST, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M., all the right, title, claim and interest of Hock & Wise of, in and to the following described property, to wit: One Distillery, and the lot of ground on which the same is erected, and all the buildings appurtenant thereto; one Copper Distil, one Steam Engine and Boiler, one Mash Tub with Rake, Four large Fermenting Tubs, one Worm and Tub, three Beer Tubs, together with all the other Tubs, Pipes and Fixtures in said Distillery.

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CITY BILL POSTER, JAMES THACKERY

No. 4, Johnson's Court, Diamond Alley, rear of Open House.

Persons and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the Custom House office, or with the year the principal corners in the city, and a reasonable one of the same. 1865-1y

NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE. The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Trade Elevator Company, will meet at BOARD OF TRADE ROOMS, on Wood street, on THURSDAY, the 23d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Seven Directors for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may be brought before them.

WILLIAM McCREERY, Prest. J. L. ROGERS, Sec'y. au11,3

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF OHIO.—ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT SESSION 1866-7.—The preliminary lectures in this institution will commence October 1st, and the regular term October 15th, ending March 1st. Fees for Professor's Tickets, $10. For particulars send for circular. W. B. WAUGH, M.D., 15-36-1taw&Sw4 Dean, Med. Col. of Ohio, Cincinnati.

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL COAL AND CORE COMPANY.—The Stockholders of this Company are hereby notified that the Fourth Instalment is now due, and payable on or before the 15th of August, 1866 at the Treasurer's Office, 194 Liberty Street. Those who have not paid their second and third instalments will take notice that if their arrearages are not paid up against the above date, or otherwise arranged for, their stock will be sold to meet the back payments.

J. H. OEMAEN, President. WM. STEVENSON, Sec and Treas. 1y28-tuthsw

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE Notice is hereby given that the Subscribers have taken out Letters Testamentary on the Estate of S. D. HERRON, deceased, have been granted to the Undersigned. All persons having claims against the Estate of Herron are notified to present them for settlement.

S. W. HERRON, S. D. HERRON, SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Executors of S. D. Herron, deceased.

jy26-TDthW

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JAMES B. JONES, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate will present them for settlement, and all persons knowing themselves indebted will make settlement with JOHN OLIVER B. JONES, Adm'r. No. 7, Sill's Building, Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh. jy30-1f

TO MINERS.—Proposals will be received up to August 31st inst., for the SINKING OF A COAL SHAFT, 200 feet deep, at Washington, Pa. Apply to, or address, GEO. PARKIN Agent, Temperanceville, P. O. au14-6d

H. OPPENHEIMER & CO, Gents' Furnishing Goods, 83 Wood St.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS A COMPLETE STOCK OF White, Brown and Fancy Linen SHIRTS. GAUZE, MEDINO, SILK AND LISLE SHIRTS AND DRAWERS. H. OPPENHEIMER & CO., 83 WOOD STREET. au16

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE— A Second Hand Governor, Fully Attachment, suitable for an Engine of ten to thirty horse power. Inquire at 103 THIRD STREET.

SPRING WAGONS FOR SALE.

Five Spring Wagons, got up in the best Eastern style, and warranted. Will be sold at 50 per cent. under manufacturers prices. Inquire of ROBT. F. WADDELL, jy15 cor Smithfield and Water Sts.

FOR SALE— A claim on WORK & McCOUCH, Philadelphia, for $3 000 also, note of H. KANE, indorsed by HENRY H. COLLINS, of Wood street, for $2 000, payable at the Exchange Bank, due for both payment, May 5th, 1867. THOMPSON BELL & CO., au11 68 Fourth street.

PETROLEUM.

HENDRICK'S LUBRICATOR, Manufactured by WHITE BROS & Co., New York.

E. J. ROBERTS, Agent, No. 1 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Keep constantly on hand

Cotton Factory Oil,	Dark Mac inery Oil,
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Light Coll'd Engine Oil,	Dark Car Oil, No.1,
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jeso-3m

PENNOCK, BALL & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF Eureka Carbon Oil, Eureka Lubric Oil, and Wholesale Dealers in Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils, No. 31 Market street, Pittsburgh. oct7

JACOB LAWSER & BRO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Dealer in Hops and Malt, 234 North Delaware Avenue, Phila. Choice Hops constantly on hand. au11-tf

MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the CUSTOM HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the 14th DAY of AUGUST, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M., all the right, title, claim and interest of Hock & Wise of, in and to the following described property, to wit: One Distillery, and the lot of ground on which the same is erected, and all the buildings appurtenant thereto; one Copper Distil, one Steam Engine and Boiler, one Mash Tub with Rake, Four large Fermenting Tubs, one Worm and Tub, three Beer Tubs, together with all the other Tubs, Pipes and Fixtures in said Distillery.

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Seized and taken in execution as the property of Hock & Wise, at the suit of United States.

ALEXANDER BURLOCH, Marshal, Marshal's Office, Pittsburgh, Pa. JULY 25, 1866. jy26-eod 1d

EDUCATIONAL.

BISHOP ROWMAN INSTITUTE, A Collegiate School for Young Ladies, NO. 68 GRANT STREET.

The next session of this School will begin on the second Monday of September. Registers can be obtained at the Church Book Store, corner of Smithfield and Seventh streets, and at Davis, Clark & Co's, 93 Wood street. For information or admission address jy24 3wrod] REV. H. J. CONTER, Rector.

WESTERN MILITARY INSTITUTE, near DAYTON, O.—Capt. Joseph M. Locke, Superintendent; Capt. C. R. STIVERS, U. S. A., Commandant. The next session of this institution will open SEPTEMBER 11th, 1866. Circulars can be had at the Establishment of A. H. ENGLISH & CO., at which place persons desiring special information can confer with the Rev. Samuel Findley, Professor in the Institute, between the hours of 10 and 12 M. daily until the 4th of August. jy26-tf

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERING in the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, TROY, N. Y.

The next Annual Session begins Sept. 12th. For the new ANNUAL REGISTER, containing full information apply to Prof. CHAS. DROWNE, Director, Troy, New York. au6-eod1m

INSTITUTE OF Practical Drawing, Surveying, and Civil and Mining Engineering,

31 FIFTH STREET, over the Allegheny Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa. Institute open from October 1 until April 1st. It costs about $23 to be a Student, $25 to be a Mechanical Man; $25 to be a Practical Surveyor, and $50 to be a good Practical Civil Engineer. For a circular apply at the Institute, or at W. S. HAVEN'S corner Wood and Third streets. Evening Drawing Class now open. au4-2m-eod A. VANDERNAILLEN, Principal.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, (FRENCH AND ENGLISH,)

For Young Ladies, Boarding and Day Pupils, 1,527 and 1,529 Spruce street, Philadelphia, Pa. This School Will re-open on THURSDAY, September 20. Board and tuition, per annum ..... $450 do do do for two or more sisters (each)... 400 French is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute. MADAME D'HERVILLY, au9-1m-eod Principal.

BROWNSVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY.—A select Boarding and Day School for young Ladies and Misses. Will be opened on the MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3d, 1866.

References—Rt. Rev. J. B. Kerfoot, D. D., Bishop of the Diocese of Pittsburgh, and the Clergy of the Diocese. For circulars, apply to the Principal,

MRS. C. E. SMYTH, au11-TH Brownsville, Fayette Co., Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY, CHESTER, DELAWARE CO., PA.

The next session of this Academy commences THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th, 1866. Advantages of the highest character are afforded for the acquisition of the English, Classical, Mathematical and Classical education. The Buildings to extent and appearance, and in beauty and healthful location, are unsurpassed by any school buildings in the country. Terms, $250 per session. Circulars containing further information may be obtained of the following patrons of the Academy in Pittsburgh: Col. John A. Campbell, Messrs. Isaac Jones, Jas. Marshall, C. R. Hogan, Walter Forward, George Bingham, Robert Dickey, J. S. Wilcock, Francis Seelem, Joseph Woodwell, James Woodwell, Joseph McKnight, Samuel McKee and Aaron Brawdy, or of Col. THEO. HYATT, au6-1m President of the Penn'a. Mil. Academy.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY, AT Evergreen Hamlet, NEAR PITTSBURGH. Will begin its First Session On the 11th September Next.

Circulars with full particulars, regulations, terms, &c., will be sent on application to

T. F. LEHMANN, A. M., Late Colonel 103d Penna. Vols. Box 493, Allegheny City, Pa., or WM. A. SHINN, No. 120 Fourth street. au11-tf

MT. AUBURN YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE.

This School has just concluded its Tenth year. Its history has been one of prosperity and growth from the commencement. The last two years its average attendance has been more than two hundred, and many have been refused admittance for want of accommodation.

A New Building is now under contract, to be ready for occupancy at the opening of the Fall term, September 3d. The friends are hoped that hereafter all can be received as pupils who apply.

The Library, Apparatus and Cabinet are receiving yearly, valuable additions, and the purpose is to steadily in view, to furnish every facility for a thorough course of instruction.

The Faculty consists of four male and eleven female teachers; all experienced instructors in their several departments.

The School is fully graded from the Preparatory department, through a course of Academical and Classical studies.

For particulars and catalogues, address

J. H. McCONNELL, Monroe Furnace, au4-tf-w2m Monroe Furnace.

GREAT WESTERN PLANING MILL, Cor. Marbury St. and Duquesne Way, PITTSBURGH, PA.

SASH DOORS, BLINDS and MOULDINGS MADE TO ORDER. Unfinished work is put in a dry house and finished when taken out. Shingles constantly on hand. Sawing and resawing done with dispatch. Boxes of all kinds made to order. JOHN HEATH. au2-TH&SIm

LUMBER. LUMBER. LUMBER.

The CONNELLSVILLE STAVE AND LUMBER COMPANY having recently erected extensive Mills directly on the line of the Railroad, at Connellsville Railroad are prepared to fill unusual facilities to manufacture lumber cheap, and

OAK, CHESTNUT, POPLAR AND LOCUST LUMBER,

in any form and of any size with promptitude and dispatch. Orders are respectfully solicited. Address,

C. H. ORTH, Supt., au2-tm Connellsville, Pa.

WANTED—$20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted in every Town, City and County in the Middle, Southern and Western States, to sell Lloyd's New Map of North America, OR THE U. S. Continent in 1900.

The most comprehensive and best map ever published. Ladies as well as gentlemen can canvas for this map, and make from $10 to $20 per day. Call and see it or address.

ORLEN & HUGHING, Sole Agents for Middle, Southern and Western States, Office, N. E. cor. of Fifth and Wood, over Pittsburgh Bank of Commerce.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, J. H. JOHNSTON, Maker and Dealer in Fine Rifles and Shot Guns,

ARMY, NAVY and POCKET REVOLVERS, CARBINES and MUSKETS. All kinds of Ammunition and Sportsmen's Material

Military Companies furnished with arms at short notice. All kinds of repairing done in the best manner. SHOTGUNS FOR HIRE. Remember the place Cor. Penn and Wayne Streets, au8 YM PITTSBURGH, PA

NOTICE. AMERICAN ANTI-INCRUSTATOR.

The attention of Manufacturers and others using steam boilers is directed to this practical and reliable preparation for preventing and preventing the trouble some, expensive and calcareous formation known as scale.

Special attention given to correspondents. For information apply to P. O. Address, Box 1141.

CURTIS S. HAVEN, Corner Wood and Third streets, jy11

B. D. WILSON & SON'S CELEBRATED WINES Brandies and Wine Bitters, Los Angeles, California.

These Wines and Brandies are offered to the people of Pennsylvania, for the first time, and we claim a superiority for them over any of the low grade foreign importation, especially, our Mound Vineyard or Still Champagne. Our Wines have already arrived with three certificates for Medical and Sacramental purposes. They consist of Hock, Sherry, Port, Claret, Catawba, Sauterne, "Mound Vineyard." Also, Sparkling Champagne, Pure Grape Brandy, Imperial White Elixer, for sale in the wood or by the case, by

E. CARRUTH & CO., Sole Agents, N. E. Cor. CHESTNUT and FRONT Sts., Phila. au2-1y M

DEPUTY Q. M. GENERAL'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Pa., August 15, 1866.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

Will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION to the highest bidder, on

TUESDAY, 28th DAY OF AUGUST,

At the Government Yard, corner of Garrison alley and Fayette street, the following public property, viz:

5 Wagons (6 mules);	1 Flat File;
2 Wagons, (2 horse);	1 Hand Hammer;
1 Wagon, (spring);	1 Blacksmiths' Hammers;
20 single set wheel Harness;	3 Farrier's Knives;
8 single sets lead Harness;	1 Blacksmith's Tongs;
20 600 lb Oats;	3 Horse Rasps;
10 ½ cords Wood;	3 Rasps;
3 Desks;	1 Hand Wrench;
17 Office Chairs;	1 Vise;
2 Stoves;	2 sledges and Handles;
1 Iron Safe, (Field);	1 Tyere Iron;
5 Inkstands;	3 Axes;
2 Rulers;	1 Saddler's Horse;
3 Paper Folders;	2 Crowbars;
6 Water Buckets;	5 Stable Forks;
1 Wheelbarrow;	2 Hay Forks;
1 Lock;	2 Reading rods;
10 saddles, (Riding);	3 Picks and Handles;
10 Bridles, (Riding);	1 spade;
9 saddle Blankets;	9 shovels;
13 Wagon Whips;	3 Mattocks;
4 Hay Ladders;	8 Pavilion;
1 Horse Standard;	2 Platform Scales;
1 Wagon Jack;	1 Lantern;
1 Anvil;	22 bottles Medicine.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. Terms—Cash. United States currency.

GEORGE E. ALDEN, Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A. au8-td

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of DUFF & HASSON, engaged in the Lithographic business, corner St. Clair street and Duquesne Way, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. A. Hall, of the above firm having bought the interest of Duff & Hall in the Lithographic establishment, all legal claims against the aforementioned firm, and all debts due the firm will be settled by Mr. Hall.

AUGUST HASL, ANDREW MOSS. au8-3

THE UNDERSIGNED, Having sold their interest and good will to Mr. Hall, by mutual consent cheerfully recommend him to the public, and hoping that he will meet the liberal patronage that has been bestowed to the late firm, we wish him success.

J. B. DUFF, ANDREW MOSS. Pittsburgh, August 16, 1866 au8-3

WAR DEPARTMENT, SURGEON GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D.C., August 1st, 1866.

AN ARMY MEDICAL BOARD is convened at Philadelphia, Pa., by Brevet Major General C. H. Brown, U. S. A., President. Brevet Lieutenant Colonel W. Hay, U. S. A., Recorder, and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Anthony Heger, Surgeon U. S. A., and Brevet Major Charles Smart, Surgeon U. S. A., members, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Corps of the United States Army.

Applicants must be over 21 years of age and physically sound.

Applications for an invitation to appear before the Board should be addressed to the Surgeon General, U. S. A., and must state the full name, residence, present date and place of birth of the candidate. Testimonials as to character and qualifications must be furnished. If the applicant has been in the service during the war, the letter must state his rank and in which of his former rank, and time and place of service, and commanders from whom he received them with whom he has served should also be forwarded.

No allowance is made for the expenses of persons undergoing the examination. A liberal education is a prerequisite to appointment.

There are at present sixty vacancies in the Medical Staff, forty-six of which are original, being created by the Act of Congress, approved July 28th, 1866.

JOS. K. BARNES, Surgeon General U. S. A.

SALE OF VALUABLE FURNACE PROPERTY. By agreement of the owners, Washington Furnace, on the Juniata river, will be sold at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1866, at the office of the Monroe Furnace, Jackson county, Ohio.

The real estate of Washington Furnace consists of about 400 acres of land, and 120 acres of coal, with a residence and other property in and near the city of Portsmouth, Ohio. Title of Mineral Land, about seventy-three hundred (7300) acres of land, and also a lot in Portsmouth, Ohio, and the mineral land on line of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad—Monroe Furnace property—a mile and a half from Washington and a half miles distant. The stacks, buildings machinery, etc., are of the best kind, in good condition. They are well known as the most valuable property in the region. Terms of Sale—One third in cash, or as desired by investing in Iron Property would do well to attend this sale. Descriptive Circulars will be sent separately, and on the following terms:

One fourth cash, the balance in one, two and three years, with interest, payable semi-annually, or as may agree. Possession to be given immediately for the purposes of farming, and the property delivered on the 1st of the close of the present blast, at which time the purchaser will take the property, with the exception of the lands, (except pig iron,) at an appraisement to be made by Richard Hill, of Portsmouth, Ohio, one of the sellers and buyers, which shall be paid for in cash through course of instruction.

For further information apply at the offices of the Washington Furnace at their office in Portsmouth, Ohio, or to Messrs. John Campbell or John Peters, Ironton Ohio.

The Faculty consists of four male and eleven female teachers; all experienced instructors in their several departments.

The School is fully graded from the Preparatory department, through a course of Academical and Classical studies.

For particulars and catalogues, address

J. H. McCONNELL, Monroe Furnace. au4-tf-w2m

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S

Trimming Store, 19 Fifth Street.

MACRUM & CARLISLE, 19 FIFTH STREET,

Have just received a splendid lot of

CLUNY AND MALTESE COLLARS, HAMBURG FLOUNCINGS, PUFFED MUSLINS, MARSEILLES, MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS, FINE FANS, NECKLACES, NEW STYLES FANCY JEWELRY.

Just received a full line of

ALEXANDRE'S, Courvoisier's and Jouvin's KID GLOVES.

The "Star" Shirt---All Sizes. au11

SALE OF UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROAD PROPERTY.

OFFICE OF ASST. Q. M. U. S. MIL. R. R. 250 G Street.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 3 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, at Alexandria, Va., on THURSDAY, August 23, the balance of United States Military Railroad Property remaining on hand at that place, consisting in part as follows:

Two second class serviceable Locomotive Engines, Norris & Son, builders; gauge, 4 feet 8½ inches.

One Tender Truck, two small Truck Cars.

One hundred pairs second-hand Car Wheels on Axles.

Seventy tons "T" Railroad Iron (forty-five pounds to the yard) nearly new; fifteen tons fifteen ton Hydraulic Jacks, ten tons unserviceable Railroad Iron.

Twenty-five tons Wrought and Cast Scrap Iron, second-hand Railroad Spikes, Chairs, Rubber Lined Broad Axes Mauls, Platform and Counter Scales, Lanterns, Cans, Kegs, Tables, and a variety of other articles; also,

Nine Frame Buildings.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Military Railroad Wharf, where the Locomotives, Railroad Iron and Car Wheels are stored. The remainder of articles will be sold at the Railroad Supply Store, near 1st Orange and Alexandria Depot.

Will also be sold at Pittsburgh, Pa., at 11 o'clock, A. M., on TUESDAY, August 28,

Eleven new Box Cars, five feet gauge; Pennock & Co., Kennet Square, Chester county, Pa., builders; Isaac Jones, Jas. Marshall, C. R. Hogan, Walter Forward, George Bingham, Robert Dickey, J. S. Wilcock, Francis Seelem, Joseph Woodwell, James Woodwell, Joseph McKnight, Samuel McKee and Aaron Brawdy, or of

F. J. CRILLY, Brevet Major and A. Q. M. U. S. Army. aug8 till8

SAW AND GRIST MILL FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale a large SAW MILL, situate on Leechburg, on the Kiskiminetas River, Pa., Railroad, 35 miles from Pittsburgh capable of sawing 2,000 feet per day. Attached to the Saw Mill is a Mill is run by water power having a fall of 19 feet. The machinery is in the very best condition.

The Grist Mill

Situate at the same place, and run by the same power, is also in excellent condition. It has FOUR RUN OF BURR STONES, and has a capacity of 25 bbls. per day. It can manufacture 100 barrels of Flour every 24 hours. The building is of brick, 4 stories high, 40 feet by 50, and almost new. The Mill has a good run of trade. For full information, apply on or address

ADDISON LEECH, jy21-2w Leechburg, Pa.

GREAT SALE OF BUILDING LOTS AT MANSFIELD, PA.—WILL offer at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on TUESDAY, AUGUST 28, at 10½ o'clock, Those 20 valuable Building Lots, each having a front of 50 feet, and a depth of 150 feet, on Main street, 50 feet, situate 5½ miles from the city, fronting the Steubenville Railroad and chartiers Creek, at the flourishing town of Mansfield. The location is admirable for residents to persons of limited means, to secure them homes, as the lots are of the best kind and in good condition. They are well known as the most valuable properties in the region. Persons wishing to attend the sale will be furnished with tickets free of charge, by calling at the office of R. M. McCANDLESS & CO., 122 Fourth street. A good dinner will be provided and served up, on the premises, free of all. Terms of Sale—One third in hand, and the balance in one and two years with interest.

Real Estate Brokers, 122 Fourth st., or M. H. BROWN, Mansfield. au7-tf

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

125 Acres of land, situate in Versailles Township, Allegheny county, 4½ miles from Pittsburgh, and in 1 mile of Port Perry, and 1 mile of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and 6 miles from the city of Pittsburgh. This farm contains an abundance of the finest quality of Stone Coal, and 25 acres of Coal cleared for family use, well watered by several springs of never failing water, and a small stream, and has a LARGE STONE DWELLING HOUSE, also frame dwelling house, LARGE FRAME BARN, LARGE BRICK HOUSE, Spring House, and other Out buildings. There is also upon the farm a fine orchard of WELL SELECTED FRUIT. This farm will be sold cheap, if a purchaser offers soon. Terms reasonable. Inquire of S. R. WILL, No. 89 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or of James White, on the premises. au2

SPLENDID RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Situate on a line of Passenger Railway, about 2½ miles from town. The House is large, new, commodious and provided with modern improvements. Attached to the garden is a fine stable, etc., etc. Particulars apply to J. LUDEWIG KOETHER, jy19 51 Grant street.

FOR SALE— A place of twelve acres, situate on the Brownsville road, about four miles from the city, and good cultivation. The improvements are a frame dwelling of seven rooms, with a spring of water at the house at the door a choice variety of one hundred and thirty young fruit trees, all bearing, and other improvements. Apply at the Real Estate and Insurance office of JAMES RATES, Butler st., Lawrenceville, Pa. jy19

MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.—Pending an Washington street 26 feet, and extending 94 feet to a wide Alley, and near to Liberty street. LARGE IRON CLAD BUILDING 35x64, with basement, another building in the rear. This Establishment is well suited for a Machine Shop, Agricultural Implement Works or Planing Mill. Is already supplied with a 50 horse power engine, large Boiler, Shafting, Belting, &c. Will sell cheap. Apply soon to R. McLAIN & CO. jy30

DESIRABLE FARM FO

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

TO ALLEGHENY AND MANCHESTER SUBSCRIBERS.—THE COMMERCIAL route west of Federal street, below Stockton Avenue, heretofore carried by Henry K. Porter will hereafter be delivered by J. N. Thackeray, who alone is authorized to make collections thereon. Subscribers failing to receive the paper will please make known the fact at the office, No. 70 Fifth street.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Meeting of the County Executive Committee—Committees Appointed—Mass Convention to be Held September 20th.

A meeting of the Union Republican County Executive Committee was held yesterday afternoon, at the office of Hayne & Shafer, Fifth Street. The Chairman, John W. Riddle, Esq., presided, and Col. Thomas M. Bayne officiated as Secretary.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Three applications for membership were presented, which were laid over under the rules.

The meeting then proceeded to the election of a Vice President to fill the place made vacant by the resignation of Sullivan Slagle. Captain Louis Hager being the only candidate nominated, he was on motion, unanimously elected to the position.

Charles F. M'Kenna stated that his attention had been called by Gen. Negley, President of the Monument Association, to the condition of that organization, and said the co-operation of the League in the worthy object. He therefore offered the following resolution, viz:

Resolved, That the League cordially unites in and commends to the liberalities of the public the proposed erection of a monument to the memory of the deeds of soldiers and sailors who fell in the service, formerly belonging to the county, or organizations from it.

Gen. Negley then stated to the League the object for which the Association was formed, viz: the erection of a public monument to the memory of the gallant dead from this county. Many of his comrades who were engaged in Mexico and during the late struggle, had died while defending the country's flag in the late war with the rebellion, and we should at least have a fitting memorial to their memory. The General also stated that he was not aware of the exact amount of money in the Treasury, but was satisfied that there had been but a little over one thousand dollars subscribed to the object, which would be a very small item in the building fund for the Monument. He therefore asked the co-operation of the League as well as of our citizens in this object.

On motion of Captain Harry Carey, the resolution was unanimously adopted.

After the transaction of some miscellaneous business the meeting adjourned.

The Difficulty on the Steamer Chieftain —Another Version.

The officers connected with the steamer Chieftain give the following account of the fight which occurred on board that boat on Wednesday evening. They state that while the boat was lying at Port Perry transferring freight to the steamer Enterprise, on the same line, two passengers, named Edward Robinson, John Willick and John Keel, got into an altercation with a man named Murphy, when Willick struck Murphy on the head, knocking him down on the deck, rendering him seriously, several of Murphy's friends, who were aboard, supposing him to be intoxicated, took charge of Keel, and informed the officers of the boat, when they arrived in the city, that it was unnecessary to send for a physician, as he was under the influence of liquor, and would soon be all right. Murphy was then transferred to the hospital, where he remained until noon next day, when he was discovered by the police and removed to Passavant's Infirmary.

At a late hour yesterday afternoon Murphy's condition had not improved, and fears were entertained that he would not survive until morning. A brother-in-law of the injured man arrived in the city yesterday morning, and took up his abode in his room to assist him.

Robinson and Keel, who were arrested by the police on Wednesday, on a charge of being connected with the difficulty, had a hearing yesterday, which resulted in their discharge. Willick is still at large.

The Late Fire in East Birmingham—Action of Borough Council.

A special meeting of the Council of the borough of East Birmingham was held on Thursday evening, to take some action in regard to affording the citizens better protection against the ravages of fire. Members present: Messrs. James Beck, C. J. Schultz, Joseph Erey, G. E. Sloeum, Nicholas Jones, J. S. Atkinson and Burgess David Chess.

The Committee appointed at the regular meeting on Tuesday evening last to purchase a quantity of hose for borough use, reported that they had ordered one hundred feet of hose.

The report was accepted, and on motion, the Committee were further instructed to purchase two hundred feet more of hose.

The Committee on Fire Plugs reported that they had ordered two fire plugs of the Rogers Patent, one to be placed on the corner of Mary and Joseph streets, and the other on the corner of Wharton and Joseph streets, which will be delivered in 10 day.

The Burgess also reported that he had ordered attachments for the Lowry Fire Plugs.

In order to afford better action to the citizens against fire, it was resolved that an Engine House, for the use of the borough, on erected on Grayson street, near Penn, where a lot has already been purchased for that purpose. A committee was also appointed to purchase a fire reel, to be placed in the engine house.

On motion, Council adjourned.

Western University.

Mr. Rudolph Leonhart, for a number of years instructor in the German Language and General History in the Western University, has been elected Professor in those branches. Professor Leonhart has proved himself an earnest, capable and efficient teacher.

Rev. E. I. Crane, the past year instructor in the Latin Language and Literature, has been elected Professor in that department. Prof. Crane is a ripe and thorough scholar, and will be a valuable acquisition to the University.

Messrs. James I. Bennett and Wm. Frew have been elected as Trustees, to fill the vacancies occasioned by the death of Nathaniel Holmes and Thomas Bakewell.

EARNINGS OF THE CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.—The earnings of this road for last July were as follows:

Freight	$121,234 29
Passengers	61,305 15
Mails, Express, &c.	16,769 03
Military	293 75
Total	$180,477 32
JULY, 1865.	
Freight and Passengers	$200,126 07
Mails, &c.	25,011 75 225,047 42
Decrease	$43,570 10
Decrease in regular traffic	11,172 41

ROW IN ALLEGHENY.—At a late hour on Thursday night a fight occurred in the Allegheny Diamond, between a number of colored men. The police interfered and arrested one of the party named Peter Keefe, when one of his comrades, Joseph Dunlap, interfered, and exhibited a pistol and slung shot. He was promptly knocked down, the weapons taken from him, and both men locked up for the night. Yesterday morning they entered bail for a hearing to-day.

ALMOST A FIRE.—A pot of tar which was being melted on the Allegheny wharf, beside the Suspension Bridge, overflowed yesterday morning, and ran down toward the water in a blaze of fire. The oil barrels in that vicinity were removed immediately, and what might have been a terrible conflagration was thus prevented. The fire was put out before any damage was done.

BEFORE ALDERMAN DONALDSON.—Eliza Butler was arrested yesterday, and taken before Alderman Donaldson, charged on oath of Mary Alderman Donaldson, charged on oath of Mary Kingsley with disorderly conduct. The Alderman, however, succeeded in settling the case, and the defendant paid the costs of the suit.

LUMBER TO ARRIVE.—Mr. C. Taylor, conductor of the Express train on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, informs us that a large amount of lumber is coming out of Redbank. The Allegheny, however, is falling rapidly, and not much of this lumber may reach here.

WHY FEE THE DENTISTS?—Use Sozodont daily, and your Teeth will seldom or never need scraping or filling, for they will neverbe defiled by unwholesome concretions, or be honey coupled by decay.

DIED.—Joseph E Torrance, the person who was stabbed by Wm Kevins, at Wellsville, Ohio, on Tuesday last, died on Thursday.

SPECIAL CAUTION.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has become so popular that various parties have put out articles calling them Mrs. Winslow's. Please take notice that the Mrs. Wesglow of the Soothing Syrup is not connected with any other article.

OUR NATIONAL GAME

Contest for the Championship of Western Pennsylvania, between the Enterprise and Alleghenys' Base Ball Clubs—The Enterprise Victorious—I. X. L. vs. Leader, etc.

The second game between the Allegheny and Enterprise Base Ball Clubs for the Championship of Western Pennsylvania, took place yesterday afternoon, on the West Common. An unusually well contested match was anticipated, and at least five hundred persons were present to witness it. The Allegheny Club which had held the championship for the past four years, was challenged by the Enterprise to play three match games. The challenge was accepted and the first game was played last week, which resulted in the success of the challenging club. The second game took place yesterday afternoon, and was also won by the Enterprise after a close contest. The following is the score:

ALLEGHENY.	O.	R.	ENTERPRISE.	O.	R.
Ralston, 2d b	4	4	Logan, 3d b	0	2
Sproull, r f	1	3	Jacobus, s s	2	4
Camerio, 1st b	2	3	Reed, c	3	3
Linehart, 3d b	3	2	Burnham, r f	1	2
Berry, c	2	4	Irwin, 1st b	1	1
Cameron, l f	2	2	Bryant, l f	1	1
Bryan, s s	4	1	McKnight, c	0	1
Nichol, c f	3	1	Brainard, c f	2	1
McLaughlin, p	1	1	Pratt, p	1	1
Total	27	22	Total	13	24

INNINGS.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Enterprise	2	3	5	2	1	2	0	0	1	—24
Alleghenys	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—22

Umpire—E. P. Miller, of Mountain Club, Allegheny. Scorers—Allegheny, D. K. Ray; Enterprise, Harry Fry.

Put Catches—Allegheny, five; Enterprise, six. Missed Ball—Enterprise, two. Passed Balls—Allegheny, eight; McKnight, fourteen.

The Enterprise is now the champion Club of the Western part of the State.

I. X. L. vs. Leader.

A match game was played on Thursday afternoon, on the grounds of the Rocket Club, Lawrenceville, between the I. X. L. and the Leader Clubs, of Lawrenceville. Below is the score:

I. X. L.	O.	R.	LEADER	O.	R.
Reed, c	2	13	Reig, 2 c	4	4
Bechtler, p	2	3	Greig, s s	3	4
Evans, s s	3	12	Connelly, 1 s b	2	3
Mc'Allister, 3d b	1	5	Meaker, 3d b	5	5
Wagner, 2d b	2	5	Howard, 2d b	3	3
Heer, 2d b	2	3	Harrod, p	3	3
Laughlin, c f	3	12	Shook, c f	1	1
Johnston, 1 s b	3	12	Hobbins, r f	1	4
Copeland, r f	3	3	Wandenbark, l f	1	1
Total	27	110	Total	27	36

RUNS MADE EACH INNING.									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
I. X. L.	10	0	9	4	10	0	16	17	11—110
Leader	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34—36

Left on Bases—I. X. L., 9; Leader, 2.

Umpire—Mr. Barker, of the Scott. Scorer—Mr. Linger.

The Mechanics Club of Brownstown, and the Alert of Mount Washington, will play a match game this afternoon at three o'clock, in Brownstown.

A match game of base ball took place yesterday afternoon between the Hygeia and Atlantic Clubs, on the grounds of the Eureka, in the North ward, on the sixth inning, the Hygeia was two runs ahead, and nine runs on the seventh inning, with two men on bases and two out, when, owing to a slight rain, the game was postponed until some future time.

Lloyd's Map of North America in 490 Sheets.

Messrs. Corlew & Highing, corner Fifth and Wood Streets, over the Pittsburgh Bank of Commerce, are sole agents for the new and elegant map of North America, or the United States Continent in 1866, just issued by Lloyd. It contains twenty-five square feet, is engraved on steel, mounted and varnished, with rollers, and colored in States and Territories. It cost $30,000 and took four years to prepare. Persons ordering and retailing at an exceedingly small cost. Some idea of its value may be had when we say that it shows the location of 490 places, fifty railways and sixty thousand eight hundred railway stations, eight hundred thousand towns, villages, post offices, either, gold and silver mines, twenty thousand statistics of the Overland, Dispatch, Daily, telegraph, telephone lines, and the Pacific and Rocky Mountains. The whole Continent is shown from the spot in the Arctic Ocean, where Sir John Franklin perished westward through Behring's straits to the Pacific, and southward to the twenty-five thousand miles round Cape Horn to Greenland; water entirely surrounding this mighty continent, all seen and comprehended at a single glance, and the cheapness of such a map is geography only learned. On the back are large separate maps of the United States portion of the continent, on a scale, eight times as large as the main map, and colored in the most perfect manner, showing every minute village, railway station and county seat; four thousand names and thirty-six thousand railroad stations.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.—The case of the United States vs. James M. Gibson, exam ination for enlistment in the United States District Court yesterday, Judge McCandless presiding. The defendant, in connection with fourteen others, was indicted by the Grand Jury of the United States District, without having procured a license for that District. The defendant obtained a license in the Nineteenth District, but the District Attorney of the opinion that he could sell in any district under that license. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, subject to the decision of the Court on reserved points of law. The case came up for argument yesterday. District Attorney R. B. Carnahan representing the United States, and B. F. Lucas, Esq., the defense. The Court took the case under advisement, and will render a decision at an early day.

DISAPPEARANCE OF A YOUNG GIRL.—Laura Cutterson, aged about thirteen years, left the house of her parents, near New Castle, on Wednesday, for the purpose of coming to this city. When she left she told her mother that she had a ladyfriend living in this city who was going to reside with an aunt. As she has no relatives in that city it is feared that she has been lost. Parson Cutterson is anxious to hear where his child would confer a favor on her parents by leaving word at the Allegheny Mayor's office.

ATTEMPT TO SMUGGLE THE "SCRIPTURES."—An attempt was made yesterday to smuggle a keg of whisky to a prisoner confined in the county jail for illegal liquor selling. The discovery of the article caused it to be brought from its hiding place, and in the course of the day the "cruise" secured. The attempt was foiled by the vigilance of the deputy, and the Chief in charge of, much to the indignation of the intended receiver.

TAKEN OVER.—Arthur Kirkpatrick and David C. Dippie, convicted at the recent term of the United States District Court, and sentenced to the Western Penitentiary for the term of three and five years respectively, were yesterday conducted to their new quarters by Deputy Marshal Moore.

BOAT RACE.—Another contest between the Friendship and Manchester boat crews will take place this afternoon over the Monongahela course.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

GENERAL PARTNERS. SPECIAL PARTNERS.
REUBEN MILLER. JAMES A. FOX.
GEO. W. RAHN. SAMUEL DUFF.
CHAS. PARKIN.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.
MILLER, RAHN & PARKIN,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Quality Cast Steel
Warranted Equal to any in the Market, Either Imported or of Domestic Manufacture.
Special attention paid to fine TOOL and DIE STEEL.
OFFICE, 38 WOOD STREET.
IN ST. CHARLES HOTEL BUILDING.
Pittsburgh, June 18, 1866. je15-ly

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Quality Cast Steel,
Spring, Plow and Blister Steel,
Springs, Axles and Steel Tire &c.
WAREHOUSE, Nos. 83 WATER AND 100 FIRST STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA. jeo

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS
LLOYD & BLACK,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Common, Refined Charcoal And Juniata Bloom.
MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE, and SHEET IRON.
MOWER and REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER, and GUARD OR FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs, to the
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES FOR SAME.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS and SPIKES.
* Warehouse, No. 55 Water and No. 6 Marketstreets, Works, Second street, Eighth Ward, adjoining City Gas Works, Pittsburgh. 1622-8m

MEANS & COFFIN.
WHOLESALE
GROCERS,
COR. WOOD and WATER STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Have always on hand a well selected
Stock of Groceries,
Bought exclusively for CASH, and to which we invite the attention of Cash Buyers. aplS-3taw

50 BBLS. PRIME WHITE BEANS.
200 CASES CANNED PEACHES,
In Store, and for sale by
COOK, BROS & CO.,
12 Smithfield street.
1917

FIERY SERPENTS,
OR THE EGGS OF PHAROH'S SERPENTS
A new and curious chemical toy. For sale by the Gross. Single, Druggist, corner Penny and St. Clair streets Super. Druggist, corner Penny and St. Clair streets Agent for Westmoreland, Washington, Pa., sole agent for Westmoreland, Fayette, Allegheny, Greene, Beaver and Venango counties. Also, for sale by McGeagan & McGeagan counties. Also, for sale by McGeagan & McKeenan. del8

SODA ASH.—100 CASKS BEST
Brands Common Soda Ash.
50 Casks Best Brands Refined Soda Ash.
In store and for sale by
JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.
au

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.)
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
FOREIGN EXCHANGE,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points. Uncle States and Canada.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
je4

ALLEGHENY VALLEY
RAIL ROAD
7 3-10 Mortgage Bonds,
FOR SALE BY
N. HOLMES & SONS,
57 MARKET STREET.
aug7-eod

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY, August 17—P. M.

The advance on Governments still continues. Railway stocks were firm, and will probably be in more demand after the governments get beyond a price for profitable investment. Petroleum and Mining Stocks will follow in their turn, but at present they are rather downward, and neglected in the for national bonds. Gold is a little lower than yesterday's furore closing rates, caused doubtless by the news that Napoleon will not adhere to his demand of the Rhine frontier for his eastern boundary. The most intelligent New York correspondents, however, say that a considerable advance in the present premium will occur ere long, whilst on the other hand some very shrewd observers are of the opposite opinion. The New York quotations to-day up to noon were: Gold, 139½; Eighty-Ones, 113½; Five-Twenties, 110⅝; Ten-Forties, 102¾; Seven-Thirties, 105¾; Michigan Southern, 80½; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 87½; Fort Wayne, 109½; Erie, 69½; Western Union Telegraph, 59; Chicago and Rock Island, 107½; Pacific Mail, 131½.

—There is some little movement in local Bank stocks, but on private terms. We may, however, guess that the prices are not up to former quotations judging from the public sales which have recently occurred.

Insurance stocks are not inquired for, nor are they offered. Those who hold them seem confident that the run of bad fortune which some of them experienced last year is being rapidly followed by enlarged business, which will soon make the stock lucrative, and holders will not press the market, except occasionally a very needy holder that is anxious to realize.

—County bonds may be quoted nominally at 72. Very few are offered as there is a light demand for them. Philadelphia quotations for them are 73.

—The Sub Treasury has commenced the disbursement of $10,500,000 as interest for the half year on the 1st of July series of 7 30 notes, it is further officially announced that the Treasury will shortly pay off its five per cent. temporary deposits, which will add still further to the ease of the money market for a long time to come. Trade moves sluggishly. The demand for nearly all kinds of merchandise and produce may be said to be rigidly consumptive. This is accounted for, in some degree, by the fact that the market has been drawn from the purchasing classes to a great extent and retailing at an exceedingly small cost. Some idea of its value may be had when we say that it shows the location of 490 places, fifty railways and sixty thousand eight hundred railway stations, eight hundred thousand towns, villages, post offices, either, gold and silver mines, twenty thousand statistics of the Overland, Dispaton, Daily, telegraph, telephone lines, and the Pacific and Rocky Mountains. The whole Continent is shown from the spot in the Arctic Ocean, where Sir John Franklin perished westward through Behring's straits to the Pacific, and southward to twenty-five thousand miles round Cape Horn to Greenland; water entirely surrounding this mighty continent, all seen and comprehended at a single glance, and the cheapness of such a map is geography only learned. On the back are large separate maps of the United States portion of the continent, on a scale, eight times as large as the main map, and colored in the most perfect manner, showing every minute village, railway station and county seat; four thousand names and thirty-six thousand railroad stations.

Pittsburgh Pig Iron and Bloom Market—Weekly Review.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } Saturday, August 17, 1866.

The business of the week in Crude Irons aggregate a large increase in quantity over the sales of the previous week, and were large for the season.

The demand is principally for standard brands of medium grades. Forge and Foundry, and with but moderate stocks in hand, holders are very firm in their asslings.

In fine charcoal irons, suitable for forge and machinery castings, the demand is but moderate, and although the supply is light it is ample for present current wants of consumers.

There is an improved demand for Blooms especially for descriptions adapted to the manufacture of cast steel. The sales of the week aggregate several hundred tons.

We note or quote the following sales:

ANTHRACITE COAL SMELTED.

200 tons No. 1 Foundry	$50	4 mos.
50 " No. 1 "	50	cash.
50 " No. 1 "	51	cash.
100 " No. 2 "	49	4 mos.
200 " Neutral Forge	47	4 "
200 " Extra quality	49	4 "
100 " Mottled, Red short	46	cash.
100 " No. 4	46	cash.
200 " Low Grade Foundry	44	4 mos.
170 " Red Bank	46	4 "

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORES.

200 tons Low Grade Foundry	$44	4 mos.
200 " " "	45	cash.
200 " Gray Forge at $4—less 2½ per cent. for cash	$45.00	4 mos.
200 " "	45.00	4 mos.
200 " "	45.00	4 mos.
200 " "	45.00	4 mos.
200 Close Forge	44.00	4 mos.
200 " "	42.50	4 mos.
100 Close Gray	45.00	4 mos.
100 Common Brands	42.50	4 mos.
100 Open Gray	45.00	4 mos.
300 Ordinary Gray Forge, delivered at Cleveland	45.00	4 mos.
100 " " "	45.00	4 mos.
100 Open Gray, a fancy brand	45.00	4 mos.
100 Mottled, a fancy brand	45.00	4 mos.
100 Gray, a fancy brand	45.00	4 mos.
100 Open Gray	45.00	4 mos.
100 Open Gray, to arrive	45.00	4 mos.
100 Open Gray, to arrive	45.00	4 mos.

CHARCOAL SMELTED.

25 tons No. 2 Hanging Rock	$52	60 4 mos.
110 " No. 1 " fancy lot	58	60 "
100 " do do do	60	64 "
165 " Charcoal smelted from Lake Superior ores	53	00 "
200 " do do do	55	00 "
25 " Missouri, Irondale	60	00 "

BLOOMS.

50 tons Juniata	$110	00 4 mos.
50 " do	110	00 cash.
100 " Champlain billets, to arrive, on private terms.		
200 " do do do		
200 " do do do		
700 " do billets, do		

Pittsburgh Iron and Nail Market.

Pittsburgh Commercial Report.

SATURDAY, August 18.—The following are the card prices for the leading descriptions:

FLAT BAR IRON.—One and one-half by three-eighths to nine inch, 3c; 2½ two inches to six by inch and three-eighths to nine inch, 3½c; 2 two inches and a half to five inches by three-eighths to three-quarters, 4c; 1½ one and a half by three-eighths to three-quarters, 4½c.

SQUARE AND HALF ROUND IRON.—Seven-eighths to inch, 5c; 1 one inch, 5½c; 1¼ one and a quarter inch, 6c; 1½ one and a half inch, 6½c; 1¾ one and three-quarters inch, 7c; 2 two inches, 8c; 2½ two and a half inches, 9c; 3 three inches, 10c; 3½ three and a half inches, 11c; 4 four inches, 12c.

HOOP IRON.—Three-sixteenths quarter, five-eighths inch base, 7c; three-eighths inch base, 8c; half inch base, 9c; five-eighths inch base, 10c; three-quarters inch base, 11c.

SCROLL IRON.—Inch and seventeen, 7c; 8 to No. 10, eighteen to twenty-four, 7½c; 8 to No. 10 twenty-five and upwards, 8c; 11 to 13, 8½c; 14 to 16, 9c; 17 to 19, 10c; 20 to 24, 11c; 25 to 27, 12c; 28 to 30, 13c; 31 to 33, 14c; 34 to 36, 15c; 37 to 39, 16c; 40 to 42, 17c; 43 to 45, 18c; 46 to 48, 19c; 49 to 51, 20c; 52 to 54, 21c; 55 to 57, 22c; 58 to 60, 23c; 61 to 63, 24c; 64 to 66, 25c; 67 to 69, 26c; 70 to 72, 27c; 73 to 75, 28c; 76 to 78, 29c; 79 to 81, 30c; 82 to 84, 31c; 85 to 87, 32c; 88 to 90, 33c; 91 to 93, 34c; 94 to 96, 35c; 97 to 99, 36c; 100 to 102, 37c; 103 to 105, 38c; 106 to 108, 39c; 109 to 111, 40c; 112 to 114, 41c; 115 to 117, 42c; 118 to 120, 43c; 121 to 123, 44c; 124 to 126, 45c; 127 to 129, 46c; 130 to 132, 47c; 133 to 135, 48c; 136 to 138, 49c; 139 to 141, 50c; 142 to 144, 51c; 145 to 147, 52c; 148 to 150, 53c; 151 to 153, 54c; 154 to 156, 55c; 157 to 159, 56c; 160 to 162, 57c; 163 to 165, 58c; 166 to 168, 59c; 169 to 171, 60c; 172 to 174, 61c; 175 to 177, 62c; 178 to 180, 63c; 181 to 183, 64c; 184 to 186, 65c; 187 to 189, 66c; 190 to 192, 67c; 193 to 195, 68c; 196 to 198, 69c; 199 to 201, 70c; 202 to 204, 71c; 205 to 207, 72c; 208 to 210, 73c; 211 to 213, 74c; 214 to 216, 75c; 217 to 219, 76c; 220 to 222, 77c; 223 to 225, 78c; 226 to 228, 79c; 229 to 231, 80c; 232 to 234, 81c; 235 to 237, 82c; 238 to 240, 83c; 241 to 243, 84c; 244 to 246, 85c; 247 to 249, 86c; 250 to 252, 87c; 253 to 255, 88c; 256 to 258, 89c; 259 to 261, 90c; 262 to 264, 91c; 265 to 267, 92c; 268 to 270, 93c; 271 to 273, 94c; 274 to 276, 95c; 277 to 279, 96c; 280 to 282, 97c; 283 to 285, 98c; 286 to 288, 99c; 289 to 291, $1.

PRICES OF GALVANIZED PIPE.

¼ inch, 9 feet, 5c; ½ inch, 9 feet, 6c; ¾ inch, 9 feet, 7½c; 1 inch, 9 feet, 9c; 1¼ inch, 9 feet, 11c; 1½ inch, 9 feet, 12½c; 2 inches, 9 feet, 16c; 2½ inches, 9 feet, 20c; 3 inches, 9 feet, 24c; 3½ inches, 9 feet, 28c; 4 inches, 9 feet, $1 50.

HORSE NAILS.—Seven-eighths inch, 9c; 1 inch, 8½c; 1¼ inch, 8c; 1½ inch, 7½c; 1¾ inch, 7c; 2 inch, 6½c; 2½ inch, 6c; 3 inch, 5½c; 3½ inch, 5c; 4 inch, 4½c.

HORSE SHOE NAILS.—Seven-eighths inch, 9c; 1 inch, 8½c; 1¼ inch, 8c; 1½ inch, 7½c; 1¾ inch, 7c; 2 inch, 6½c; 2½ inch, 6c; 3 inch, 5½c; 3½ inch, 5c; 4 inch, 4½c.

HORSE NAILS—Sixpenny, $7 75, eightpenny, $7 50; tenpenny, $7 25; casing nails, extra, $1 per keg; 900 finishing, $1 00 per keg.

Prices subject to the changes of the market.

New York Exchange is selling to-day at current rate of exchange on Pittsburgh or New York, or three per cent. premium cash on all drafts over $100. Treasury Notes or Pittsburgh Banks able to command remittances from Eastern cities at par.

Wood—Selling from wagons, if ordered in lots of 10 cords or over, for one shilling.

Wrought Iron Welded Tubes.

Pittsburgh Commercial's Report.

PITTSBURGH, August 18.—This branch of business is carried on very extensively now in this city and vicinity. The business has grown very rapidly during the past year on the line of the Allegheny river. The following prices subject to the usual discounts:

Steam Pipe, Black, ¼ inch, 5c; ⅜ inch, 6c; ½ inch, 6½c; ¾ inch, 8c; 1 inch, 11c; 1¼ inch, 13½c; 1½ inch, 15½c; 2 inch, 21c; 2½ inch, 30c; 3 inch, 31 12c; 3½ inch, 41 12c; 4 inch, 51 12c; 4½ inch, 61 12c; 5 inch, 71 12c; 6 inch, 91 12c; 7 inch, 111 12c; 8 inch, 131 12c; 9 inch, 151 12c; 10 inch, 171 12c; 11 inch, 191 12c; 12 inch, 211 12c; 13 inch, 231 12c; 14 inch, 251 12c; 15 inch, 271 12c; 16 inch, 291 12c.

Gas Pipe, Black, ⅛ inch, 4c; ¼ inch, 5c; ⅜ inch, 6c; ½ inch, 7c; ¾ inch, 9c; 1 inch, 12c; 1¼ inch, 15c; 1½ inch, 17c; 2 inch, 24c; 2½ inch, 34c; 3 inch, 44c; 3½ inch, 54c; 4 inch, 64c; 4½ inch, 74c; 5 inch, 84c; 6 inch, 104c; 7 inch, 124c; 8 inch, 144c; 9 inch, 164c; 10 inch, 184c; 11 inch, 204c; 12 inch, 224c; 13 inch, 244c; 14 inch, 264c; 15 inch, 284c; 16 inch, 304c.

Galvanized Pipe, ⅛ inch, 6c; ¼ inch, 7c; ⅜ inch, 8c; ½ inch, 9c; ¾ inch, 11c; 1 inch, 14c; 1¼ inch, 18c; 1½ inch, 20c; 2 inch, 28c; 2½ inch, 40c; 3 inch, 52c; 3½ inch, 64c; 4 inch, 76c; 4½ inch, 88c; 5 inch, 100c; 6 inch, 124c; 7 inch, 148c; 8 inch, 172c; 9 inch, 196c; 10 inch, 220c; 11 inch, 244c; 12 inch, 268c; 13 inch, 292c; 14 inch, 316c; 15 inch, 340c; 16 inch, 364c.

Pittsburgh Drug Market.

Pittsburgh Commercial's Report.

PITTSBURGH, August 18, 1866.

Business—A falling off in trade was perceptible yesterday. Buyers did not appear so anxious to operate. Their purchases during the early part of the week appeared to be unusually large, but the present market continues to be well supplied with produce. Prices for most descriptions were irregular. To make large sales concessions would have to be made on the quotations. Our prices are steadily declining. We have, however, plenty of water for the business. The Jupiter took her departure for St. Louis with all the freight she could carry. The Arabian will be announced for Cairo and St. Louis. The Arabian leaves to-day for Cincinnati and Louisville with a good trip. The Parkersburg packets are making their regular trips. Business generally is very dull. Nothing of importance has occurred. It was a fair day for country merchants to be in town. Below will be found the quotations:

ALCOHOL.—The market continues very firm, with a good demand and cash sales are now principally the order of the day. The stock in first hands is not large, and is well cleaned up. The principal inquiry was for 190 proof, which is scarce. Sales were made at $3 50 per gallon. Buyers are now offering $3 50 for 190 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $3 25 per gallon for 188 proof. Buyers are now offering $3 25 for 188 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $3 10 per gallon for 186 proof. Buyers are now offering $3 10 for 186 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $3 00 per gallon for 184 proof. Buyers are now offering $3 00 for 184 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 90 per gallon for 182 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 90 for 182 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 80 per gallon for 180 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 80 for 180 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 70 per gallon for 178 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 70 for 178 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 60 per gallon for 176 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 60 for 176 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 50 per gallon for 174 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 50 for 174 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 40 per gallon for 172 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 40 for 172 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 30 per gallon for 170 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 30 for 170 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 20 per gallon for 168 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 20 for 168 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 10 per gallon for 166 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 10 for 166 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $2 00 per gallon for 164 proof. Buyers are now offering $2 00 for 164 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 90 per gallon for 162 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 90 for 162 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 80 per gallon for 160 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 80 for 160 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 70 per gallon for 158 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 70 for 158 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 60 per gallon for 156 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 60 for 156 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 50 per gallon for 154 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 50 for 154 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 40 per gallon for 152 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 40 for 152 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 30 per gallon for 150 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 30 for 150 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 20 per gallon for 148 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 20 for 148 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 10 per gallon for 146 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 10 for 146 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at $1 00 per gallon for 144 proof. Buyers are now offering $1 00 for 144 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 90 per gallon for 142 proof. Buyers are now offering 90 for 142 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 80 per gallon for 140 proof. Buyers are now offering 80 for 140 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 70 per gallon for 138 proof. Buyers are now offering 70 for 138 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 60 per gallon for 136 proof. Buyers are now offering 60 for 136 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 50 per gallon for 134 proof. Buyers are now offering 50 for 134 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 40 per gallon for 132 proof. Buyers are now offering 40 for 132 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 30 per gallon for 130 proof. Buyers are now offering 30 for 130 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 20 per gallon for 128 proof. Buyers are now offering 20 for 128 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 10 per gallon for 126 proof. Buyers are now offering 10 for 126 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 00 per gallon for 124 proof. Buyers are now offering 00 for 124 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 90 per gallon for 122 proof. Buyers are now offering 90 for 122 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 80 per gallon for 120 proof. Buyers are now offering 80 for 120 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 70 per gallon for 118 proof. Buyers are now offering 70 for 118 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 60 per gallon for 116 proof. Buyers are now offering 60 for 116 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 50 per gallon for 114 proof. Buyers are now offering 50 for 114 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 40 per gallon for 112 proof. Buyers are now offering 40 for 112 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 30 per gallon for 110 proof. Buyers are now offering 30 for 110 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 20 per gallon for 108 proof. Buyers are now offering 20 for 108 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 10 per gallon for 106 proof. Buyers are now offering 10 for 106 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 00 per gallon for 104 proof. Buyers are now offering 00 for 104 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 90 per gallon for 102 proof. Buyers are now offering 90 for 102 proof, and cannot get it. Sales were made at 80 per gallon for 100 proof. Buyers are now offering 80 for 100 proof, and cannot get